


## Product datasheet

### Anti-CUG-BP1 antibody [EPR8298(B)] ab129115

KO VALIDATED Recombinant RabMAb

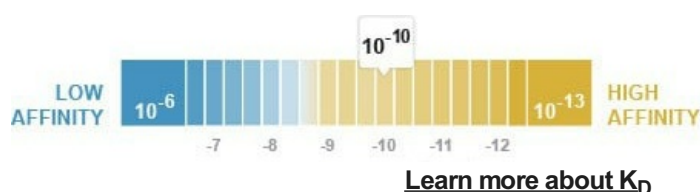
[7 References](#) [4 Images](#)

#### Overview

Product name	Anti-CUG-BP1 antibody [EPR8298(B)]
Description	Rabbit monoclonal [EPR8298(B)] to CUG-BP1
Host species	Rabbit
Tested applications	<b>Suitable for:</b> WB
Species reactivity	<b>Reacts with:</b> Human <b>Predicted to work with:</b> Mouse, Rat 
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide within Human CUG-BP1 aa 1-100 (N terminal). The exact sequence is proprietary. Database link: <a href="#">Q92879</a>
Positive control	WB: HEK-293T, HeLa and SH-SY5Y cell lysates.
General notes	This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility</li> <li>- Improved sensitivity and specificity</li> <li>- Long-term security of supply</li> <li>- Animal-free production</li> </ul> For more information <a href="#">see here</a> . Our RabMAb <sup>®</sup> technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to <a href="#">RabMAb<sup>®</sup> patents</a> .

#### Properties

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C. Stable for 12 months at -20°C.
Dissociation constant (K <sub>D</sub> )	K <sub>D</sub> = 3.76 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> M



<b>Storage buffer</b>	pH: 7.20 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: 9% PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA, 50% Tissue culture supernatant
<b>Purity</b>	Protein A purified
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone number</b>	EPR8298(B)
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG

## Applications

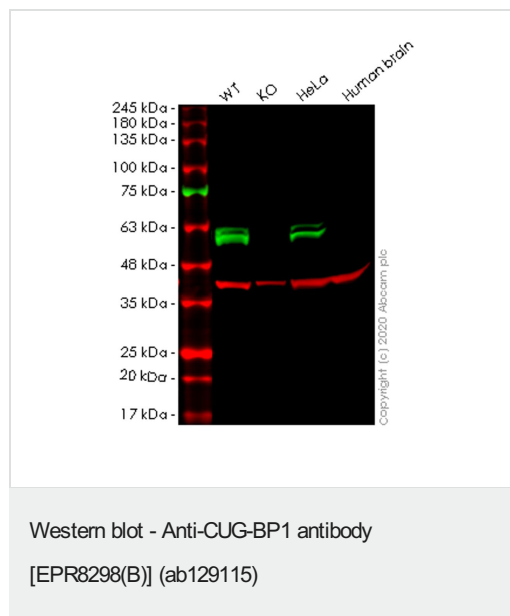
**The Abpromise guarantee** Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab129115 in the following tested applications. The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
<b>WB</b>		1/1000 - 1/10000. Detects a band of approximately 52 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 52 kDa).

## Target

<b>Function</b>	RNA-binding protein implicated in the regulation of several post-transcriptional events. Involved in pre-mRNA alternative splicing, mRNA translation and stability. Mediates exon inclusion and/or exclusion in pre-mRNA that are subject to tissue-specific and developmentally regulated alternative splicing. Specifically activates exon 5 inclusion of cardiac isoforms of TNNT2 during heart remodeling at the juvenile to adult transition. Acts as both an activator and repressor of a pair of coregulated exons: promotes inclusion of the smooth muscle (SM) exon but exclusion of the non-muscle (NM) exon in actinin pre-mRNAs. Activates SM exon 5 inclusion by antagonizing the repressive effect of PTB. Promotes exclusion of exon 11 of the INSR pre-mRNA. Inhibits, together with HNRNPH1, insulin receptor (IR) pre-mRNA exon 11 inclusion in myoblast. Increases translation and controls the choice of translation initiation codon of CEBPB mRNA. Increases mRNA translation of CEBPB in aging liver (By similarity). Increases translation of CDKN1A mRNA by antagonizing the repressive effect of CALR3. Mediates rapid cytoplasmic mRNA deadenylation. Recruits the deadenylase PARN to the poly(A) tail of EDEN-containing mRNAs to promote their deadenylation. Required for completion of spermatogenesis (By similarity). Binds to (CUG) <sub>n</sub> triplet repeats in the 3'-UTR of transcripts such as DMPK and to Bruno response elements (BREs). Binds to muscle-specific splicing enhancer (MSE) intronic sites flanking the alternative exon 5 of TNNT2 pre-mRNA. Binds to AU-rich sequences (AREs or EDEN-like) localized in the 3'-UTR of JUN and FOS mRNAs. Binds to the IR RNA. Binds to the 5'-region of CDKN1A and CEBPB mRNAs. Binds with the 5'-region of CEBPB mRNA in aging liver.
<b>Tissue specificity</b>	Ubiquitous.
<b>Sequence similarities</b>	Belongs to the CELF/BRUNOL family. Contains 3 RRM (RNA recognition motif) domains.
<b>Post-translational modifications</b>	Phosphorylated. Its phosphorylation status increases in senescent cells.
<b>Cellular localization</b>	Nucleus. Cytoplasm. RNA-binding activity is detected in both nuclear and cytoplasmic compartments.

## Images



**All lanes :** Anti-CUG-BP1 antibody [EPR8298(B)] (ab129115) at 1/1000 dilution

**Lane 1 :** Wild-type HEK293T cell lysate

**Lane 2 :** CELF1 knockout HEK293T cell lysate

**Lane 3 :** HeLa cell lysate

**Lane 4 :** Human brain tissue lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

### Secondary

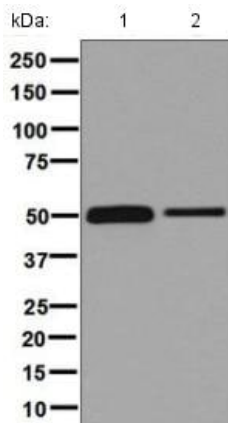
**All lanes :** Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed ([ab216773](#)) at 1/10000 dilution

**Predicted band size:** 52 kDa

**Observed band size:** 52 kDa

**Lanes 1-4:** Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab129115 observed at 52 kDa. Red - loading control [ab8245](#) observed at 36 kDa.

ab129115 Anti-CUG-BP1 antibody [EPR8298(B)] was shown to specifically react with CUG-BP1 in wild-type HEK293T cells. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line [ab266086](#) (knockout cell lysate [ab257390](#)) was used. Wild-type and CUG-BP1 knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. ab129115 and Anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] - Loading Control ([ab8245](#)) were incubated overnight at 4°C at 1 in 1000 dilution and 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed ([ab216773](#)) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preadsorbed ([ab216776](#)) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.



Western blot - Anti-CUG-BP1 antibody  
[EPR8298(B)] (ab129115)

**All lanes** : Anti-CUG-BP1 antibody [EPR8298(B)] (ab129115) at 1/1000 dilution

**Lane 1** : HeLa cell lysate

**Lane 2** : SH-SY5Y cell lysate

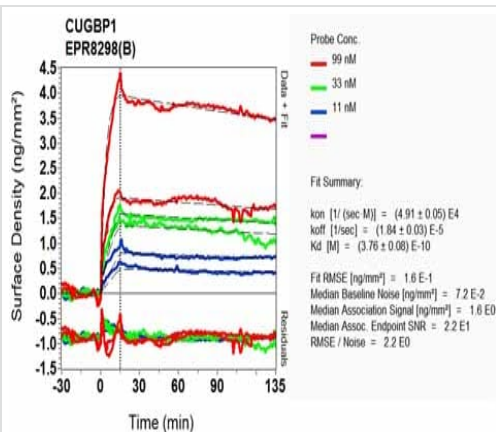
Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

### Secondary

**All lanes** : Standard HRP labelled goat anti-rabbit at 1/2000 dilution

**Predicted band size:** 52 kDa

**Observed band size:** 52 kDa



OIR-D Scanning - Anti-CUG-BP1 antibody  
[EPR8298(B)] (ab129115)

Equilibrium disassociation constant ( $K_D$ )

Learn more about  $K_D$

[Click here to learn more about  \$K\_D\$](#)

### Why choose a recombinant antibody?



**Research with confidence**  
Consistent and reproducible results



**Long-term and scalable supply**  
Recombinant technology



**Success from the first experiment**  
Confirmed specificity



**Ethical standards compliant**  
Animal-free production

Anti-CUG-BP1 antibody [EPR8298(B)] (ab129115)

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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