abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-DNA polymerase eta antibody ab234855

3 Images

Overview

Product name Anti-DNA polymerase eta antibody

Description Rabbit polyclonal to DNA polymerase eta

Host species Rabbit

Tested applications Suitable for: WB, ICC/IF, IHC-P

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Immunogen Recombinant fragment corresponding to Human DNA polymerase eta aa 400-650.

Database link: Q9Y253

Run BLAST with
Run BLAST with

Positive control WB: A549 and K562 cell lysate. IHC-P: Human tonsil tissue. ICC/IF: HepG2 cells.

General notesThe Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long

term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300

Constituents: PBS, 50% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine)

Purity Protein G purified

Purification notes Purity >95%

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

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Applications

The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab234855 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes	
WB		1/500 - 1/5000. Predicted molecular weight: 78 kDa.	
ICC/IF		1/50 - 1/200.	
IHC-P		1/20 - 1/200.	

T	a	rg	g	et

Function

DNA polymerase specifically involved in DNA repair. Plays an important role in translesion synthesis, where the normal high fidelity DNA polymerases cannot proceed and DNA synthesis stalls. Plays an important role in the repair of UV-induced pyrimidine dimers. Depending on the context, it inserts the correct base, but causes frequent base transitions and transversions. May play a role in hypermutation at immunoglobulin genes. Forms a Schiff base with 5'-deoxyribose phosphate at abasic sites, but does not have lyase activity. Targets POLI to replication foci.

Involvement in disease

Defects in POLH are the cause of xeroderma pigmentosum variant type (XPV) [MIM:278750]; also designated as XP-V. Xeroderma pigmentosum (XP) is an autosomal recessive disease due to deficient nucleotide excision repair. It is characterized by hypersensitivity of the skin to sunlight, followed by high incidence of skin cancer and frequent neurologic abnormalities. XPV shows normal nucleotide excision repair, but an exaggerated delay in recovery of replicative DNA synthesis. Most XPV patients do not develop clinical symptoms and skin neoplasias until a later age. Clinical manifestations are limited to photo-induced deterioration of the skin and eyes.

Sequence similarities

Cellular localization

Belongs to the DNA polymerase type-Y family.

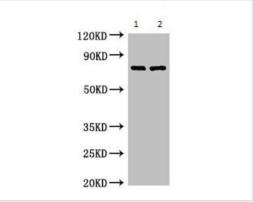
Contains 1 umuC domain.

Domain

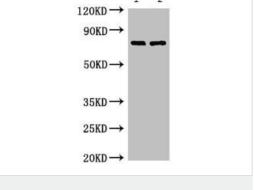
The catalytic core consists of fingers, palm and thumb subdomains, but the fingers and thumb subdomains are much smaller than in high-fidelity polymerases; residues from five sequence motifs of the Y-family cluster around an active site cleft that can accommodate DNA and nucleotide substrates with relaxed geometric constraints, with consequently higher rates of misincorporation and low processivity.

Nucleus. Accumulates at replication forks after DNA damage.

Images



Western blot - Anti-DNA polymerase eta antibody (ab234855)



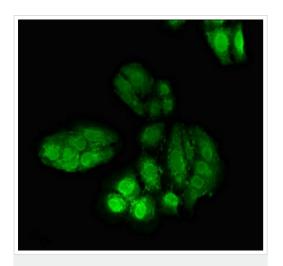
All lanes: Goat polyclonal to rabbit lgG at 1/50000 dilution

Secondary

dilution

Predicted band size: 78 kDa

from bone marrow) cell lysate



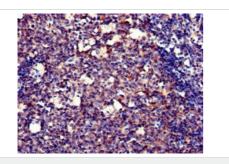
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-DNA polymerase eta antibody (ab234855)

HepG2 (human liver hepatocellular carcinoma cell line) cells labeling DNA polymerase eta using ab234855 at 1/100 dilution in ICC/IF. Secondary antibody was an Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (H+L).

All lanes: Anti-DNA polymerase eta antibody (ab234855) at 1/500

Lane 1: A549 (Human lung carcinoma cell line) cell lysate

Lane 2: K562 (Human chronic myelogenous leukemia cell line



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-DNA polymerase eta antibody (ab234855)

Paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue stained for DNA polymerase eta using ab234855 at 1/100 dilution in immunohistochemical analysis.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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