abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-FLVCR1 antibody ab26075

1 References 1 Image

Overview

Product name Anti-FLVCR1 antibody

Description Goat polyclonal to FLVCR1

Host species Goat

Tested applications Suitable for: WB

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide within Human FLVCR1 aa 543-555 (C terminal). The exact sequence is

proprietary. Sequence:

KTVMLSKQSESAI

Database link: Q9Y5Y0

Run BLAST with
Run BLAST with

General notesThe Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Storage buffer pH: 7.30

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: Tris buffered saline, 0.5% BSA

Purity Immunogen affinity purified

Purification notes This antibody was purified from goat serum by ammonium sulphate precipitation followed by

antigen affinity chromatography using the immunizing peptide.

Clonality Polyclonal

1

Isotype IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee

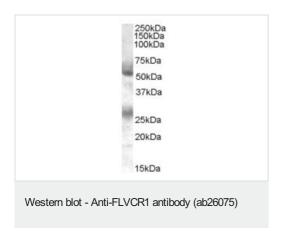
Our <u>Abpromise guarantee</u> covers the use of ab26075 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

| Application | Abreviews | Notes |
|-------------|-----------|--|
| WB | | Use at an assay dependent concentration. Detects a band of approximately 55,26 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 60 kDa). |

| Function | Heme transporter that exports cytoplasmic heme. It can also export coproporphyrin and protoporphyrin IX, which are both intermediate products in the heme biosynthetic pathway. Does not export bilirubin. Heme export depends on the presence of HPX and may be required to protect developing erythroid cells from heme toxicity. Heme export also provides protection from heme or ferrous iron toxicities in liver and brain. Causes susceptibility to FeLV-C in vitro. | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Tissue specificity | Found all hematopoietic tissues including peripheral blood lymphocytes. Some expression is found in pancreas and kidney. | |
| Involvement in disease | Defects in FLVCR1 are the cause of posterior column ataxia with retinitis pigmentosa (PCARP) [MIM:609033]. A neurodegenerative syndrome beginning in infancy with areflexia and retinitis pigmentosa. Nyctalopia (night blindness) and peripheral visual field loss are usually evident during late childhood or teenage years, with subsequent progressive constriction of the visual fields and loss of central retinal function over time. A sensory ataxia caused by degeneration of the posteric columns of the spinal cord results in a loss of proprioceptive sensation that is clinically evident in the second decade of life and gradually progresses. Scoliosis, camptodactyly, achalasia, gastrointestinal dysmotility, and a sensory peripheral neuropathy are variable features of the disease. Affected individuals have no clinical or radiological evidence of cerebral or cerebellar involvement. Note=Defective neuronal heme transmembrane export due to FLVCR1 mutations may abrogate the neuroprotective effects of neuroglobin and initiate an apoptotic cascade that results in the selective degeneration of photoreceptors in the neurosensory retina and sensory neurons in the posterior spinal cord. | |
| Sequence similarities | Belongs to the major facilitator superfamily. Feline leukemia virus subgroup C receptor (TC 2.A.1.28.1) family. | |
| Developmental stage | Down-regulated in haemopoietic progenitor cells undergoing differentiation and hemoglobinization. Abundant in fetal liver. | |
| Cellular localization | Cell membrane. | |

Images



Anti-FLVCR1 antibody (ab26075) at 0.1 μ g/ml + Human bone marrow tissue lysate (in RIPA buffer) at 35 μ g

Predicted band size: 60 kDa **Observed band size:** 55 kDa

Additional bands at: 26 kDa (possible isoform)

Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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