# abcam

## Product datasheet

## Anti-GLP-1 antibody [EPR4042-1] ab108443

Recombinant RabMAb

★★★★ 1 Abreviews

10 Images

#### Overview

**Product name** Anti-GLP-1 antibody [EPR4042-1]

**Description** Rabbit monoclonal [EPR4042-1] to GLP-1

**Host species** Rabbit

**Tested applications** Suitable for: ELISA, ICC/IF, WB, IHC-P

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

**Immunogen** Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.

Positive control Glicentin polypeptide, Human pancreas tissue.

**General notes** This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility

- Improved sensitivity and specificity - Long-term security of supply

- Animal-free production

For more information see here.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb patents**.

Mouse, Rat: We have preliminary internal testing data to indicate this antibody may not react with

these species. Please contact us for more information.

## **Properties**

**Form** Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C.

Stable for 12 months at -20°C.

Storage buffer pH: 7.20

Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide

Constituents: 40% Glycerol, 59% PBS, 0.05% BSA

**Purity** Protein A purified

Clonality Monoclonal Clone number EPR4042-1

**Isotype** IgG

## **Applications**

## The Abpromise guarantee

Our Abpromise quarantee covers the use of ab108443 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
ELISA		Use a concentration of 0.5 - 1 µg/ml.
ICC/IF		1/800.
WB		1/2000. Predicted molecular weight: 21 kDa.  For unpurified, use 1/200.
IHC-P		1/100 - 1/250. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

## **Target**

#### **Function**

Glucagon plays a key role in glucose metabolism and homeostasis. Regulates blood glucose by increasing gluconeogenesis and decreasing glycolysis. A counterregulatory hormone of insulin, raises plasma glucose levels in response to insulin-induced hypoglycemia. Plays an important role in initiating and maintaining hyperglycemic conditions in diabetes.

GLP-1 is a potent stimulator of glucose-dependent insulin release. Play important roles on gastric motility and the suppression of plasma glucagon levels. May be involved in the suppression of satiety and stimulation of glucose disposal in peripheral tissues, independent of the actions of insulin. Have growth-promoting activities on intestinal epithelium. May also regulate the hypothalamic pituitary axis (HPA) via effects on LH, TSH, CRH, oxytocin, and vasopressin secretion. Increases islet mass through stimulation of islet neogenesis and pancreatic beta cell proliferaton. Inhibits beta cell apoptosis.

GLP-2 stimulates intestinal growth and up-regulates villus height in the small intestine, concomitant with increased crypt cell proliferation and decreased enterocyte apoptosis. The gastrointestinal tract, from the stomach to the colon is the principal target for GLP-2 action. Plays a key role in nutrient homeostasis, enhancing nutrient assimilation through enhanced gastrointestinal function, as well as increasing nutrient disposal. Stimulates intestinal glucose transport and decreases mucosal permeability.

Oxyntomodulin significantly reduces food intake. Inhibits gastric emptying in humans. Suppression of gastric emptying may lead to increased gastric distension, which may contribute to satiety by causing a sensation of fullness.

Glicentin may modulate gastric acid secretion and the gastro-pyloro-duodenal activity. May play an important role in intestinal mucosal growth in the early period of life.

Tissue specificity

Glucagon is secreted in the A cells of the islets of Langerhans. GLP-1, GLP-2, oxyntomodulin and glicentin are secreted from enteroendocrine cells throughout the gastrointestinal tract. GLP1 and GLP2 are also secreted in selected neurons in the brain.

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the glucagon family.

Post-translational

Proglucagon is post-translationally processed in a tissue-specific manner in pancreatic A cells

#### modifications

and intestinal L cells. In pancreatic A cells, the major bioactive hormone is glucagon cleaved by PCSK2/PC2. In the intestinal L cells PCSK1/PC1 liberates GLP-1, GLP-2, glicentin and oxyntomodulin. GLP-1 is further N-terminally truncated by post-translational processing in the intestinal L cells resulting in GLP-1(7-37) GLP-1-(7-36)amide. The C-terminal amidation is neither important for the metabolism of GLP-1 nor for its effects on the endocrine pancreas.

#### **Cellular localization**

Secreted.

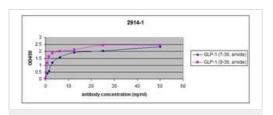
## **Images**



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-GLP-1 antibody
[EPR4042-1] (ab108443)

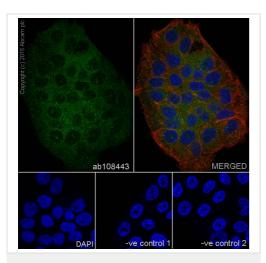
Unpurified ab108443, at 1/100 dilution, staining Glicentin in Human pancreas tissue by immunohistochemistry

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

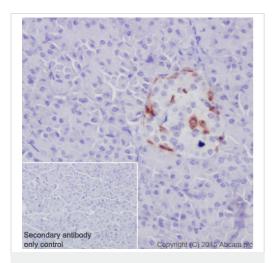


ELISA - Anti-GLP-1 antibody [EPR4042-1] (ab108443)

1 ug/mL of Glucagon-like Peptide (GLP-1) was coated into 96-wells. Various concentrations of anti-Glucagon-Like Peptide 1 (GLP-1, 7-36,amide) rabbit monoclonal antibody (unpurified ab108443) was added. HRP conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG antibody was used to develop the color.

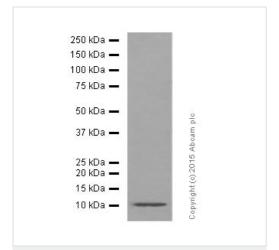


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-GLP-1 antibody [EPR4042-1] (ab108443) Immunofluorescence staining of BxPC-3 cells with purified ab108443 at a working dilution of 1/800, counter-stained with DAPI. The secondary antibody was Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit (ab150077), used at a dilution of 1/1000. ab7291, a mouse antitubulin antibody (1/1000), was used to stain tubulin along with ab150120 (Alexa Fluor® 594 goat anti-mouse, 1/1000), shown in the top right hand panel. The cells were fixed in 4% PFA and permeabilized using 0.1% Triton X 100. The negative controls are shown in bottom middle and right hand panels - for negative control 1, purified ab108443 was used at a dilution of 1/500 followed by an Alexa Fluor® 594 goat anti-mouse antibody (ab150120) at a dilution of 1/500. For negative control 2, ab7291 (mouse antitubulin) was used at a dilution of 1/500 followed by an Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit antibody (ab150077) at a dilution of 1/400.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-GLP-1 antibody
[EPR4042-1] (ab108443)

Immunohistochemical staining of paraffin embedded human pancreas with purified ab108443 at a working dilution of 1/200. The secondary antibody used is HRP goat anti-rabbit lgG H&L (ab97051) at 1/500. The sample is counter-stained with hematoxylin. Antigen retrieval was perfomed using Tris-EDTA buffer, pH 9.0. PBS was used instead of the primary antibody as the negative control, and is shown in the inset.



Western blot - Anti-GLP-1 antibody [EPR4042-1] (ab108443)

Anti-GLP-1 antibody [EPR4042-1] (ab108443) at 1/2000 dilution (purified) + human fetal pancreas tissue lysate at 10 µg

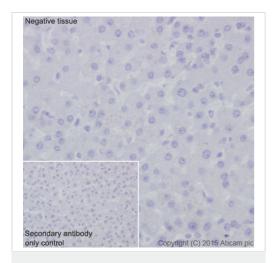
## **Secondary**

HRP goat anti-rabbit lgG (H+L) at 1/1000 dilution

**Predicted band size:** 21 kDa **Observed band size:** 11 kDa

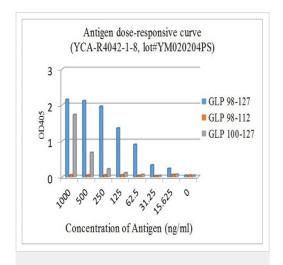
Blocking buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST

Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST



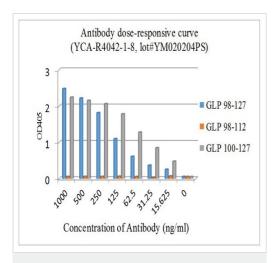
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-GLP-1 antibody
[EPR4042-1] (ab108443)

Immunohistochemical staining of paraffin embedded human liver with purified ab108443 at a working dilution of 1/200. The secondary antibody used is HRP goat anti-rabbit lgG H&L (ab97051) at 1/500. The sample is counter-stained with hematoxylin. Antigen retrieval was perfomed using Tris-EDTA buffer, pH 9.0. PBS was used instead of the primary antibody as the negative control, and is shown in the inset.



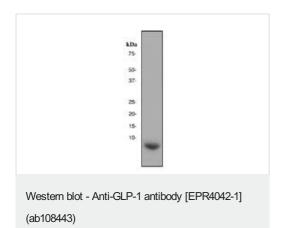
ELISA - Anti-GLP-1 antibody [EPR4042-1] (ab108443)

Antigen dose-response curve using purified ab108443. Antibody concentration of 1  $\mu$ g/mL. An Alkaline Phosphatase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (H+L) (1/2500) was used as the secondary antibody.



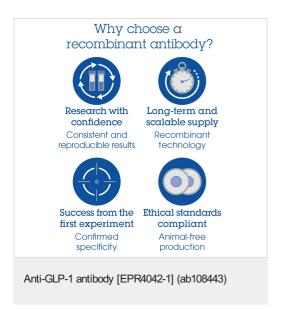
ELISA - Anti-GLP-1 antibody [EPR4042-1] (ab108443)

Antibody dose-response curve using purified ab108443. Antigen concentration of 1  $\mu$ g/mL. An Alkaline Phosphatase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (H+L) (1/2500) was used as the secondary antibody.



Anti-GLP-1 antibody [EPR4042-1] (ab108443) at 1/200 dilution (unpurified) + Glicentin polypeptide at 0.005 µg

Predicted band size: 21 kDa



Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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