abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-HADH antibody [1A12BC8] ab110284

4 Images

Product name	Anti-HADH antibody [1A12BC8]		
Description	Mouse monoclonal [1A12BC8] to HADH		
Host species	Mouse		
Tested applications	Suitable for: IHC-P, ICC/IF, IP, Flow Cyt		
Species reactivity	Reacts with: Human		
Immunogen	Tissue, cells or virus. This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.		
Positive control	MRC5 fibroblasts; Human cerebellum tissue; Human liver mitochondria; HL-60 cells.		
General notes	This antibody clone is manufactured by Abcam. If you require a custom buffer formulation or conjugation for your experiments, please contact orders@abcam.com .		
	The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets your needs before purchasing.		
	If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As		
	Product was previously marketed under the MitoSciences sub-brand.		
Properties			
Form	Liquid		
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C. Do Not Freeze		

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C. Do Not Freeze.
Storage buffer	pH: 7.5 Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide Constituent: HEPES buffered saline
Purity	Proprietary Purification
Purification notes	Purity near homogeneity as judged by SDS-PAGE (purity >95%). The antibody was produced in vitro using hybridomas grown in serum-free medium, and then purified by biochemical fractionation.
Clonality	Monoclonal

Clone number	1A12BC8
lsotype	lgG1
Light chain type	kappa

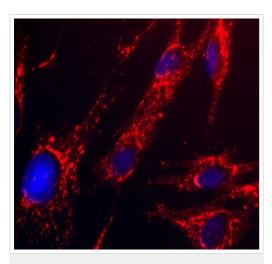
Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our <u>Abpromise guarantee</u> covers the use of ab110284 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

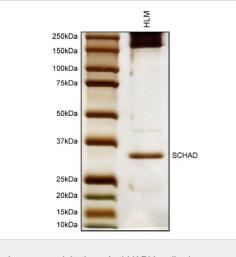
Application	Abreviews	Notes
ІНС-Р		1/250. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval - 1 min pressure cook in 1mmol EDTA pH8.
ICC/IF		Use a concentration of 5 µg/ml.
IP		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Flow Cyt		Use a concentration of 1 μ g/ml. <u>ab170190</u> - Mouse monoclonal lgG1, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

Target		
Function	Plays an essential role in the mitochondrial beta-oxidation of short chain fatty acids. Exerts it highest activity toward 3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA. Expressed in liver, kidney, pancreas, heart and skeletal muscle.	
Tissue specificity		
Pathway	Lipid metabolism; fatty acid beta-oxidation.	
Involvement in disease	Defects in HADH are the cause of 3-alpha-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (HADH deficiency) [MIM:231530]. HADH deficiency is a metabolic disorder with various clinical presentations including hypoglycemia, hepatoencephalopathy, myopathy or cardiomyopathy, and in some cases sudden death. Defects in HADH are the cause of familial hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia type 4 (HHF4) [MIM:609975]; also known as persistent hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia of infancy (PHHI) or congenital hyperinsulinism. HHF is the most common cause of persistent hypoglycemia in infancy and is due to defective negative feedback regulation of insulin secretion by low glucose levels. It causes nesidioblastosis, a diffuse abnormality of the pancreas in which there is extensive, often disorganized formation of new islets. Unless early and aggressive intervention is undertaken, brain damage from recurrent episodes of hypoglycemia may occur. HHF4 should be easily recognizable by analysis of acylcarnitine species and that this disorder responds well to treatment with diazoxide. It provides the first 'experiment of nature' that links impaired fatty acid oxidation to hyperinsulinism and that provides support for the concept that a lipid signaling pathway is implicated in the control of insulin secretion.	
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase family.	
Cellular localization	Mitochondrion matrix.	



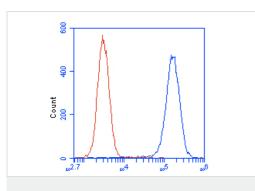
MRC5 fibroblasts labeled with ab110284 at 5µg/ml and stained with Texas Red conjugated to goat anti-mouse secondary.

Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-HADH antibody [1A12BC8] (ab110284)



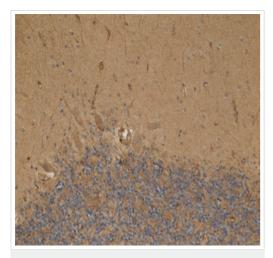
HADH immunocaptured from Human liver mitochondria using ab110284.

Immunoprecipitation - Anti-HADH antibody [1A12BC8] (ab110284)



Flow Cytometry - Anti-HADH antibody [1A12BC8] (ab110284)

HL-60 cells were stained with 1 μ g/ml ab110284 (blue) or an equal amount of an isotype control antibody (red) and analyzed by flow cytometry.



ab110284, at 1/250 dilution, staining HADH in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded Human cerebellum by Immunohistochemistry. HADH immunoactivity is most intense in neuronal cell bodies, most notably in the large Purkinje cells.

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-HADH antibody [1A12BC8] (ab110284)

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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