abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-HDAC4 antibody [7E2E6] ab234084

2 References 4 Images

Overview

Product name Anti-HDAC4 antibody [7E2E6]

Description Mouse monoclonal [7E2E6] to HDAC4

Host species Mouse

Tested applications Suitable for: WB, Flow Cyt, ICC/IF

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human

Immunogen Recombinant fragment corresponding to Human HDAC4 aa 456-592. Expressed in E.coli.

Database link: P56524

Positive control WB: Human HDAC4 (aa 456-592) recombinant protein; HDAC4 (aa 456-592)-hlgGFc-

transfected HEK-293 cell lysate. ICC/IF: HeLa cells. Flow cyt: HeLa cells.

General notesThe Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long

term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer Preservative: 0.05% Sodium azide

Constituent: PBS

Purity Protein G purified

Purification notes Purified from tissue culture supernatant.

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone number 7E2E6

lsotype lgG1

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab234084 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		1/100 - 1/500.
Flow Cyt		1/200 - 1/400.
ICC/IF		1/200 - 1/1000.

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Function

Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes. Involved in muscle maturation via its interaction with the myocyte enhancer factors such as MEF2A, MEF2C and MEF2D.

Tissue specificity

Ubiquitous.

Involvement in disease

Defects in HDAC4 are the cause of brachydactyly-mental retardation syndrome (BDMR) [MIM:600430]. A syndrome resembling the physical anomalies found in Albright hereditary osteodystrophy. Common features are mild facial dysmorphism, congenital heart defects, distinct brachydactyly type E, mental retardation, developmental delay, seizures, autism spectrum disorder, and stocky build. Soft tissue ossification is absent, and there are no abnormalities in parathyroid hormone or calcium metabolism.

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the histone deacetylase family. HD type 2 subfamily.

Domain

The nuclear export sequence mediates the shuttling between the nucleus and the cytoplasm.

Post-translational modifications

 $Phosphorylated\ by\ CaMK4\ at\ Ser\ -246,\ Ser\ -467\ and\ Ser\ -632.\ Phosphorylation\ at\ other\ residues$

is required for the interaction with 14-3-3.

 $Sum oylation \ on \ Lys-559 \ is \ promoted \ by \ the \ E3 \ SUMO-protein \ ligase \ RANBP2, \ and \ prevented \ by$

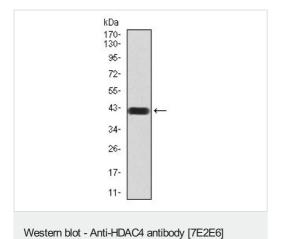
phosphorylation by CaMK4.

Cellular localization

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. Upon muscle cells differentiation, it accumulates in the nuclei of myotubes, suggesting a positive role of nuclear HDAC4 in muscle differentiation. The export to cytoplasm depends on the interaction with a 14-3-3 chaperone protein and is due to its phosphorylation at Ser-246, Ser-467 and Ser-632 by

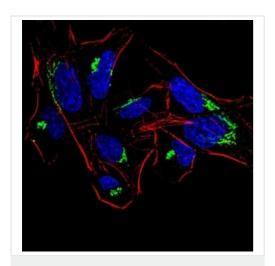
CaMK4. The nuclear localization probably depends on sumoylation.

Images



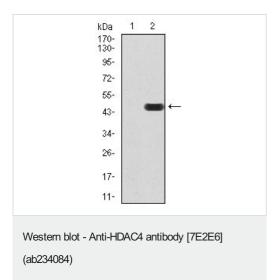
(ab234084)

Anti-HDAC4 antibody [7E2E6] (ab234084) at 1/100 dilution + Human HDAC4 (aa 456-592) recombinant protein.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-HDAC4 antibody [7E2E6] (ab234084) Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling HDAC4 using ab234084 at 1/200 dilution (green).

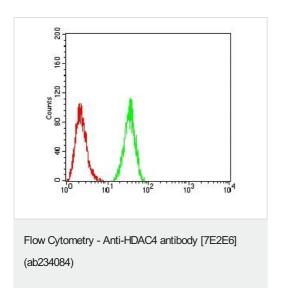
Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments labeled with AlexaFluor $^{\text{\tiny B}}$ -555-Phalloidin.



All lanes : Anti-HDAC4 antibody [7E2E6] (ab234084) at 1/100 dilution

Lane 1: HEK-293 (human epithelial cell line from embryonic kidney) cell lysate.

Lane 2: HDAC4 (aa 456-592)-hlgGFc-transfected HEK-293 cell lysate.



Flow cytometric analysis of HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinom) cells labeling HDAC4 using ab234084 at 1/200 dilution (green) compared to a negative control (red).

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