

Product datasheet

Anti-Histone H3 (citrulline R26) antibody [EPR20606] - BSA and Azide free ab242414

Recombinant RabMAb

[3 Images](#)

Overview

Product name	Anti-Histone H3 (citrulline R26) antibody [EPR20606] - BSA and Azide free
Description	Rabbit monoclonal [EPR20606] to Histone H3 (citrulline R26) - BSA and Azide free
Host species	Rabbit
Tested applications	Suitable for: Dot blot, ELISA, WB
Species reactivity	Reacts with: Mouse, Human
Immunogen	This product was produced with the following immunogens: Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers. Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.
Positive control	Dot blot: Histone H3 (citrulline R26) peptide (aa25-36).
General notes	ab242414 is the carrier-free version of ab212082 . Our carrier-free antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. The carrier-free buffer and high concentration allow for increased conjugation efficiency. This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications. Use our conjugation kits for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with <1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold. This product is compatible with the Maxpar [®] Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar [®] is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc. This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility- Improved sensitivity and specificity- Long-term security of supply- Animal-free production For more information see here . Our RabMAb [®] technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit

monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to [RabMAb® patents](#).

Properties

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C. Do Not Freeze.
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 Constituent: PBS
Carrier free	Yes
Purity	Protein A purified
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone number	EPR20606
Isotype	IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab242414 in the following tested applications. The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
Dot blot		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
ELISA		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Detects a band of approximately 15 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 15 kDa).

Target

Function	Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the histone H3 family.
Developmental stage	Expressed during S phase, then expression strongly decreases as cell division slows down during the process of differentiation.
Post-translational modifications	Acetylation is generally linked to gene activation. Acetylation on Lys-10 (H3K9ac) impairs methylation at Arg-9 (H3R8me2s). Acetylation on Lys-19 (H3K18ac) and Lys-24 (H3K24ac) favors methylation at Arg-18 (H3R17me). Citrullination at Arg-9 (H3R8ci) and/or Arg-18 (H3R17ci) by PADI4 impairs methylation and represses transcription. Asymmetric dimethylation at Arg-18 (H3R17me2a) by CARM1 is linked to gene activation. Symmetric dimethylation at Arg-9 (H3R8me2s) by PRMT5 is linked to gene repression.

Asymmetric dimethylation at Arg-3 (H3R2me2a) by PRMT6 is linked to gene repression and is mutually exclusive with H3 Lys-5 methylation (H3K4me2 and H3K4me3). H3R2me2a is present at the 3' of genes regardless of their transcription state and is enriched on inactive promoters, while it is absent on active promoters.

Methylation at Lys-5 (H3K4me), Lys-37 (H3K36me) and Lys-80 (H3K79me) are linked to gene activation. Methylation at Lys-5 (H3K4me) facilitates subsequent acetylation of H3 and H4.

Methylation at Lys-80 (H3K79me) is associated with DNA double-strand break (DSB) responses and is a specific target for TP53BP1. Methylation at Lys-10 (H3K9me) and Lys-28 (H3K27me) are linked to gene repression. Methylation at Lys-10 (H3K9me) is a specific target for HP1 proteins (CBX1, CBX3 and CBX5) and prevents subsequent phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph) and acetylation of H3 and H4. Methylation at Lys-5 (H3K4me) and Lys-80 (H3K79me) require preliminary monoubiquitination of H2B at 'Lys-120'. Methylation at Lys-10 (H3K9me) and Lys-28 (H3K27me) are enriched in inactive X chromosome chromatin.

Phosphorylated at Thr-4 (H3T3ph) by GSG2/haspin during prophase and dephosphorylated during anaphase. Phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph) by AURKB is crucial for chromosome condensation and cell-cycle progression during mitosis and meiosis. In addition phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph) by RPS6KA4 and RPS6KA5 is important during interphase because it enables the transcription of genes following external stimulation, like mitogens, stress, growth factors or UV irradiation and result in the activation of genes, such as c-fos and c-jun.

Phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph), which is linked to gene activation, prevents methylation at Lys-10 (H3K9me) but facilitates acetylation of H3 and H4. Phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph) by AURKB mediates the dissociation of HP1 proteins (CBX1, CBX3 and CBX5) from heterochromatin. Phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph) is also an essential regulatory mechanism for neoplastic cell transformation. Phosphorylated at Ser-29 (H3S28ph) by MLTK isoform 1, RPS6KA5 or AURKB during mitosis or upon ultraviolet B irradiation. Phosphorylation at Thr-7 (H3T6ph) by PRKCBB is a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional activation that prevents demethylation of Lys-5 (H3K4me) by LSD1/KDM1A. At centromeres, specifically phosphorylated at Thr-12 (H3T11ph) from prophase to early anaphase, by DAPK3 and PKN1. Phosphorylation at Thr-12 (H3T11ph) by PKN1 is a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional activation that promotes demethylation of Lys-10 (H3K9me) by KDM4C/JMJD2C.

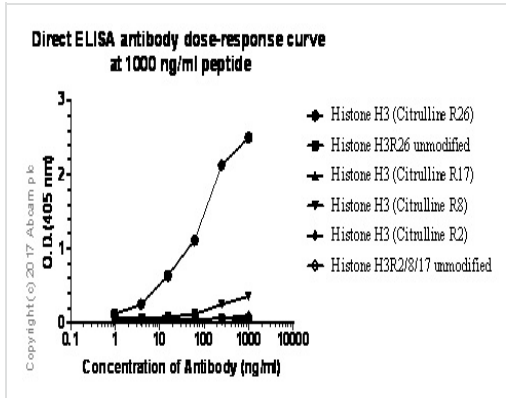
Phosphorylation at Tyr-42 (H3Y41ph) by JAK2 promotes exclusion of CBX5 (HP1 alpha) from chromatin.

Monoubiquitinated by RAG1 in lymphoid cells, monoubiquitination is required for V(D)J recombination (By similarity). Ubiquitinated by the CUL4-DDB-RBX1 complex in response to ultraviolet irradiation. This may weaken the interaction between histones and DNA and facilitate DNA accessibility to repair proteins.

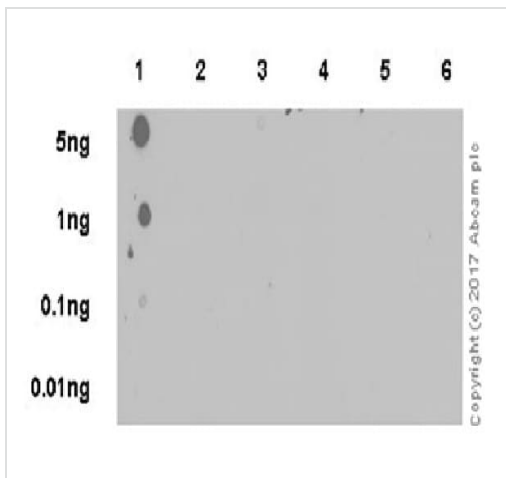
Cellular localization

Nucleus. Chromosome.

Images



ELISA - Anti-Histone H3 (citrulline R26) antibody [EPR20606] - BSA and Azide free (ab242414)



Dot Blot - Anti-Histone H3 (citrulline R26) antibody [EPR20606] - BSA and Azide free (ab242414)

ELISA using **ab212082** labeling Histone H3 (Citrulline R26), Histone H3R26 unmodified, Histone H3 (Citrulline R17), Histone H3 (Citrulline R8), Histone H3 (Citrulline R2) and Histone H3R2/8/17 unmodified at 1 µg/ml. **ab212082** was used at a range between 0 - 1 µg/ml.

Alkaline Phosphatase-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L) was used as secondary antibody at 1/2500 dilution.

ab212082 cross binds H3R8Cit at 14%.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab212082**)

Dot blot analysis of Histone H3 (citrulline R26) labeled with **ab212082** at 1/1000 dilution.

Lane 1: Histone H3 (citrulline R26) peptide (aa25-36)

Lane 2: Histone H3 (Citrulline R17) peptide (aa1-21)

Lane 3: Histone H3 (Citrulline R8) peptide (aa1-21)

Lane 4: Histone H3 (Citrulline R2) peptide (aa1-21)

Lane 5: Histone H3 peptide (aa1-21)

Lane 6: Histone H3 peptide (aa19-36)

Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (**ab97051**) at 1/100000 dilution was used as secondary antibody.

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFD/MTBST.

Exposure time: 30 seconds.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab212082**)

Why choose a recombinant antibody?



Research with confidence
Consistent and reproducible results



Long-term and scalable supply
Recombinant technology



Success from the first experiment
Confirmed specificity



Ethical standards compliant
Animal-free production

Anti-Histone H3 (citulline R26) antibody

[EPR20606] - BSA and Azide free (ab242414)

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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