

Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody [EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free ab271998

KO VALIDATED Recombinant RabMAb

10 Images

Overview

Product name	Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody [EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free
Description	Rabbit monoclonal [EPR19067] to Met (c-Met) - BSA and Azide free
Host species	Rabbit
Tested applications	Suitable for: Flow Cyt (Intra), Indirect ELISA, WB, IHC-P, ICC/IF
Species reactivity	Reacts with: Human, Recombinant fragment
Immunogen	Recombinant fragment. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.
Positive control	IHC-P: Human breast, colon, liver cancer and ovary cancer tissues. ICC/IF: HeLa and A549 cells. Flow Cyt (intra): A549 and HeLa cells.
General notes	ab271998 is the carrier-free version of ab216574 .

Our **carrier-free** antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. The carrier-free buffer and high concentration allow for increased conjugation efficiency.

This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.

Use our **conjugation kits** for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with <1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.

This product is compatible with the Maxpar[®] Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar[®] is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.

This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free production

For more information [see here](#).

Our RabMAb[®] technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to [RabMAb[®] patents](#).

Properties

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C. Do Not Freeze.
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 Constituent: PBS
Carrier free	Yes
Purity	Protein A purified
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone number	EPR19067
Isotype	IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab271998 in the following tested applications. The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
Flow Cyt (Intra)		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Indirect ELISA		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Predicted molecular weight: 155 kDa.
IHC-P		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
ICC/IF		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Target

Function	Receptor for hepatocyte growth factor and scatter factor. Has a tyrosine-protein kinase activity. Functions in cell proliferation, scattering, morphogenesis and survival.
Involvement in disease	Note=Activation of MET after rearrangement with the TPR gene produces an oncogenic protein. Note=Defects in MET may be associated with gastric cancer. Defects in MET are a cause of hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) [MIM:114550]. Defects in MET are a cause of renal cell carcinoma papillary (RCCP) [MIM:605074]. It is a subtype of renal cell carcinoma tending to show a tubulo-papillary architecture formed by numerous, irregular, finger-like projections of connective tissue. Renal cell carcinoma is a heterogeneous group of sporadic or hereditary carcinoma derived from cells of the proximal renal tubular epithelium. It is subclassified into common renal cell carcinoma (clear cell, non-papillary carcinoma), papillary renal cell carcinoma, chromophobe renal cell carcinoma, collecting duct carcinoma with medullary carcinoma of the kidney, and unclassified renal cell carcinoma. Note=A common allele in the promoter region of the MET shows genetic association with

susceptibility to autism in some families. Functional assays indicate a decrease in MET promoter activity and altered binding of specific transcription factor complexes.

Note=MET activating mutations may be involved in the development of a highly malignant, metastatic syndrome known as cancer of unknown primary origin (CUP) or primary occult malignancy. Systemic neoplastic spread is generally a late event in cancer progression. However, in some instances, distant dissemination arises at a very early stage, so that metastases reach clinical relevance before primary lesions. Sometimes, the primary lesions cannot be identified in spite of the progresses in the diagnosis of malignancies.

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family.

Contains 3 IPT/TIG domains.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

Contains 1 Sema domain.

Domain

The kinase domain is involved in SPSB1 binding.

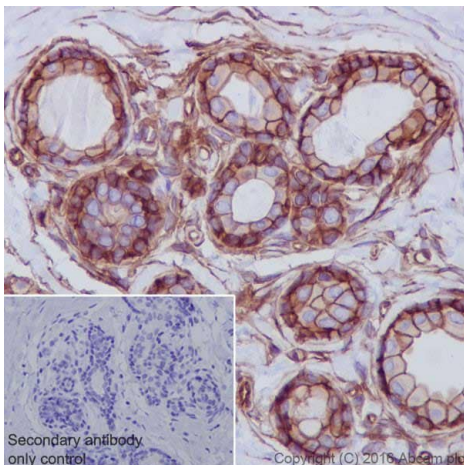
Post-translational modifications

Dephosphorylated by PTPRJ at Tyr-1349 and Tyr-1365.

Cellular localization

Membrane.

Images



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody [EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free (ab271998)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast tissue labeling Met (c-Met) with **ab216574** at 1/2000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) ready to use.

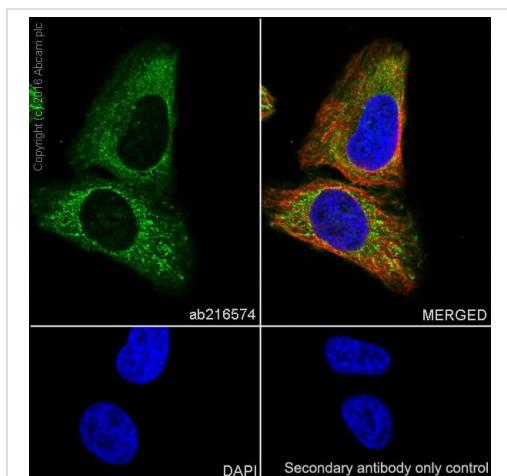
Membranous staining on human breast is observed.

Counter stained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) ready to use.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab216574**).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody [EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free (ab271998)

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling Met (c-Met) with **ab216574** at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (**ab150077**) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green).

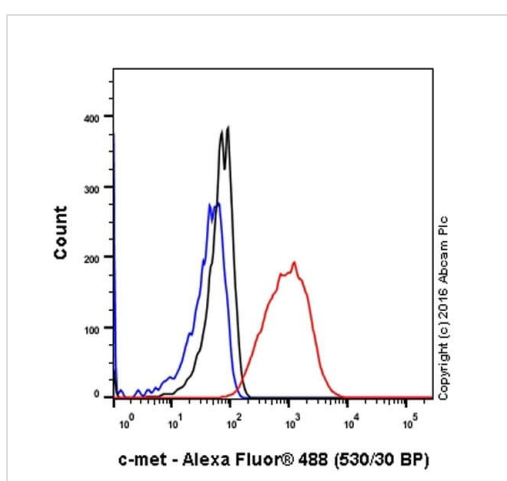
Confocal image showing cytoplasmic staining on HeLa cell line.

The nuclear counterstain is DAPI (blue).

Tubulin is detected with **ab195889** (Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594)) at 1/200 dilution (red).

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (**ab150077**) at 1/1000 dilution.

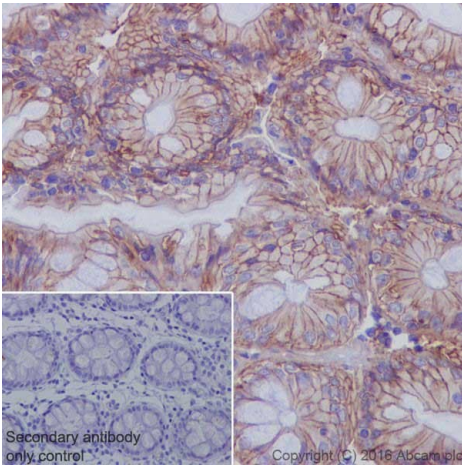
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab216574**).



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody [EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free (ab271998)

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed A549 (Human lung carcinoma cell line) cells labeling Met (c-Met) with **ab216574** at 1/600 dilution (red) compared with a rabbit monoclonal IgG isotype control (**ab172730**; black) and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody; blue). Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab216574**).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody [EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free (ab271998)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon tissue labeling Met (c-Met) with **ab216574** at 1/2000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) ready to use.

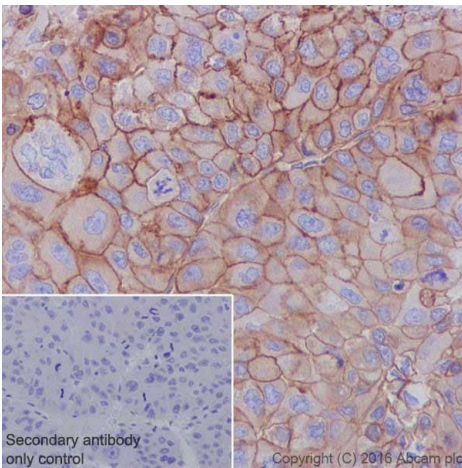
Membranous staining on human colon is observed.

Counter stained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) ready to use.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab216574**).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody [EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free (ab271998)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer tissue labeling Met (c-Met) with **ab216574** at 1/2000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) ready to use.

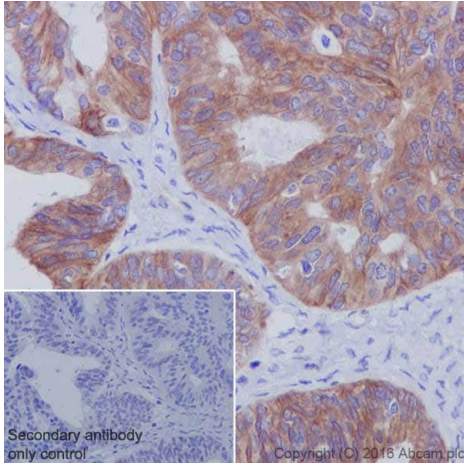
Membranous staining on tumor cells of human liver cancer is observed.

Counter stained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) ready to use.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab216574**).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody [EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free (ab271998)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human ovary cancer tissue labeling Met (c-Met) with **ab216574** at 1/2000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) ready to use.

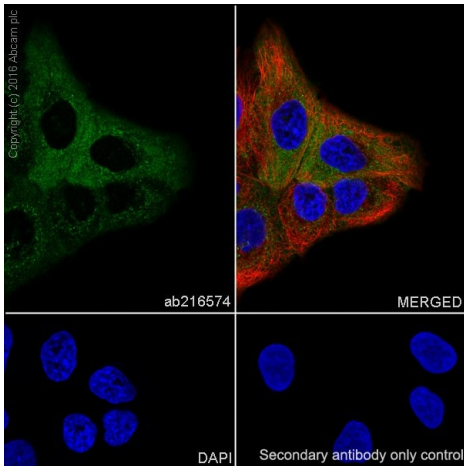
Cytoplasmic and membranous staining on tumor cells of human ovary cancer is observed.

Counter stained with Hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) ready to use.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab216574**).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody [EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free (ab271998)

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized A549 (Human lung carcinoma cell line) cells labeling Met (c-Met) with **ab216574** at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (**ab150077**) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green).

Confocal image showing cytoplasmic staining on A549 cell line.

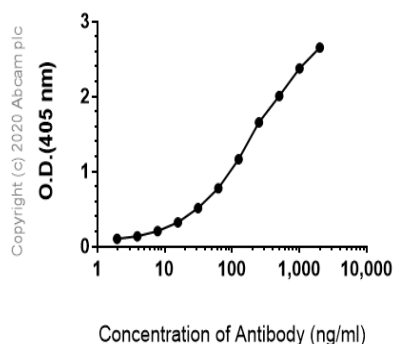
The nuclear counterstain is DAPI (blue).

Tubulin is detected with **ab195889** (Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594)) at 1/200 dilution (red).

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) (**ab150077**) at 1/1000 dilution.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab216574**).

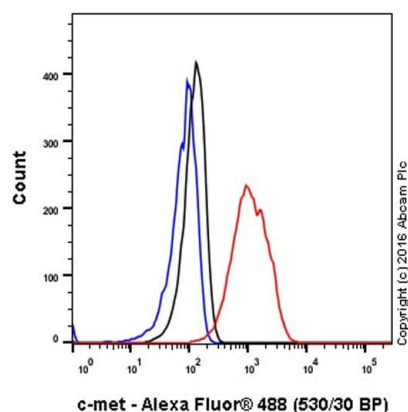
Indirect ELISA antibody dose-response curve antigen at 1000 ng/ml



Indirect ELISA - Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody
[EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free (ab271998)

This data was developed using [ab216574](#), the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.

ELISA analysis of Human c-met recombinant protein at 1000 ng/mL with [ab216574](#). An Alkaline Phosphatase-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1/2500 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Met (c-Met)
antibody [EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free
(ab271998)

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling Met (c-Met) with [ab216574](#) at 1/600 dilution (red) compared with a rabbit monoclonal IgG isotype control ([ab172730](#); black) and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody; blue). Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide ([ab216574](#)).

Why choose a recombinant antibody?



Research with confidence
Consistent and reproducible results



Long-term and scalable supply
Recombinant technology



Success from the first experiment
Confirmed specificity



Ethical standards compliant
Animal-free production

Anti-Met (c-Met) antibody [EPR19067] - BSA and Azide free (ab271998)

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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