abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-MGO-modified proteins antibody [MGO-1] ab125158

Overview

Product name Anti-MGO-modified proteins antibody [MGO-1]

Description Mouse monoclonal [MGO-1] to MGO-modified proteins

Host species Mouse

Tested applications
Suitable for: IHC-P, WB
Species reactivity
Reacts with: Human

Immunogen MGO-modified proteins conjugated to KLH.

General notes

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Storage buffer Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: 0.1% BSA, 99% PBS

Purity Protein G purified

ClonalityMonoclonalClone numberMGO-1

Isotype IgG1

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab125158 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

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Application	Abreviews	Notes
IHC-P		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Target

Relevance

Methylglyoxal (MGO) is an endogenous product of glucose metabolism. Increased production and accumulation of methylglyoxal (MGO), as well as increased modification of proteins by glycoxidation, are hallmarks of aging and diabetes. MGO was shown to modify proteins and to contribute to the accumulation of damaged proteins that can be toxic to cells. A number of studies have shown that MGO levels are significantly elevated in patients with Type 2 Diabetes and correlates well with fasting plasma glucose and hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) levels. Moreover, increased formation of the MGO is implicated in renal dysfunction and is known to be involved in the development of DN (diabetic nephropathy).

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
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