

Product datasheet

Anti-MTCO1 antibody [EPR19642] - BSA and Azide free ab251408

Recombinant RabMAb

8 Images

Overview	
Product name	Anti-MTCO1 antibody [EPR19642] - BSA and Azide free
Description	Rabbit monoclonal [EPR19642] to MTCO1 - BSA and Azide free
Host species	Rabbit
Tested applications	Suitable for: Flow Cyt (Intra), ICC/IF, WB, IHC-P
Species reactivity	Reacts with: Human
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.
General notes	ab251408 is the carrier-free version of <u>ab203917</u> .
	Our <u>carrier-free</u> antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. The carrier-free buffer and high concentration allow for increased conjugation efficiency.
	This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.
	Use our conjugation kits for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with <1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.
	This product is compatible with the Maxpar [®] Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar [®] is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.
	 This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including: High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility Improved sensitivity and specificity Long-term security of supply Animal-free production For more information <u>see here</u>. Our RabMAb[®] technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to <u>RabMAb[®] patents</u>.

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C. Do Not Freeze.
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 Constituent: PBS
Carrier free	Yes
Purity	Protein A purified
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone number	EPR19642
lsotype	lgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our <u>Abpromise guarantee</u> covers the use of ab251408 in the following tested applications.

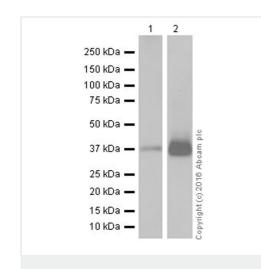
The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
Flow Cyt (Intra)		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
ICC/IF		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Detects a band of approximately 37 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 57 kDa).
ІНС-Р		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Target	
Function	Cytochrome c oxidase is the component of the respiratory chain that catalyzes the reduction of oxygen to water. Subunits 1-3 form the functional core of the enzyme complex. CO I is the catalytic subunit of the enzyme. Electrons originating in cytochrome c are transferred via the copper A center of subunit 2 and heme A of subunit 1 to the bimetallic center formed by heme A3 and copper B.
Pathway	Energy metabolism; oxidative phosphorylation.
Involvement in disease	Defects in MT-CO1 are a cause of Leber hereditary optic neuropathy (LHON) [MIM:535000]. LHON is a maternally inherited disease resulting in acute or subacute loss of central vision, due to optic nerve dysfunction. Cardiac conduction defects and neurological defects have also been described in some patients. LHON results from primary mitochondrial DNA mutations affecting the respiratory chain complexes. Defects in MT-CO1 are a cause of anemia sideroblastic acquired idiopathic (AISA) [MIM:516030]; a disease characterized by inadequate formation of heme and excessive accumulation of iron in mitochondria. Defects in MT-CO1 are a cause of mitochondrial complex IV deficiency (MT-C4D) [MIM:220110]; also known as cytochrome c oxidase deficiency. A disorder of the mitochondrial respiratory chain

	 with heterogeneous clinical manifestations, ranging from isolated myopathy to severe multisystem disease affecting several tissues and organs. Features include hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, hepatomegaly and liver dysfunction, hypotonia, muscle weakness, excercise intolerance, developmental delay, delayed motor development and mental retardation. A subset of patients manifest Leigh syndrome. Defects in MT-CO1 are associated with recurrent myoglobinuria mitochondrial (RM-MT) [MIM:550500]. Recurrent myoglobinuria is characterized by recurrent attacks of rhabdomyolysis (necrosis or disintegration of skeletal muscle) associated with muscle pain and weakness, and followed by excretion of myoglobin in the urine. Defects in MT-CO1 are a cause of deafness sensorineural mitochondrial (DFNM) [MIM:500008]. DFNM is a form of non-syndromic deafness with maternal inheritance. Affected individuals manifest progressive, postlingual, sensorineural hearing loss involving high frequencies. Defects in MT-CO1 are a cause of colorectal cancer (CRC) [MIM:114500].
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the heme-copper respiratory oxidase family.
Cellular localization	Mitochondrion inner membrane.

Images



Western blot - Anti-MTCO1 antibody [EPR19642] -BSA and Azide free (ab251408) All lanes : Anti-MTCO1 antibody [EPR19642] (ab203917) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell lysate
Lane 2 : HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) mitochondria lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Secondary

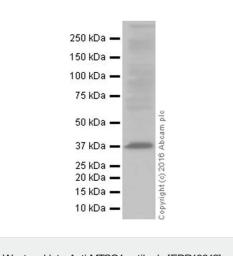
All lanes : Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG H&L (HRP) (<u>ab97051</u>) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 57 kDa Observed band size: 37 kDa

This data was developed using <u>ab203917</u>, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.

Blocking and dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure times: Lane 1: 5 seconds; Lane 2: 1 second.



Western blot - Anti-MTCO1 antibody [EPR19642] -BSA and Azide free (ab251408) Anti-MTCO1 antibody [EPR19642] (**ab203917**) at 1/1000 dilution + Human fetal liver lysate at 10 μ g

Secondary

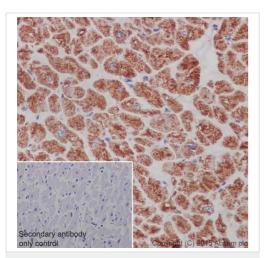
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG Peroxidase Conjugate, specific to the nonreduced form of IgG at 1/10000 dilution

Predicted band size: 57 kDa Observed band size: 37 kDa

Exposure time: 15 seconds

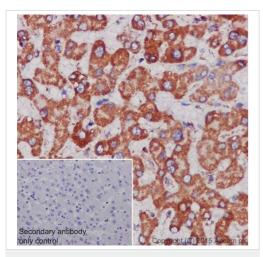
This data was developed using <u>ab203917</u>, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.

Blocking and dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



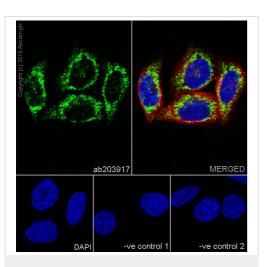
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-MTCO1 antibody [EPR19642] - BSA and Azide free (ab251408)

This data was developed using <u>ab203917</u>, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human cardiac muscle tissue labeling MTCO1 with <u>ab203917</u> at 1/250 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (<u>ab97051</u>) at 1/500 dilution. Cytoplasm staining on Human cardiac muscle is observed. Counter stained with Hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is <u>ab97051</u> at 1/500 dilution. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



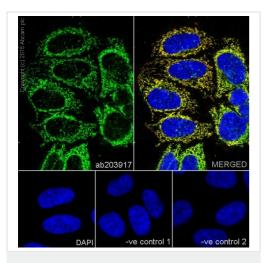
This data was developed using <u>ab203917</u>, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human liver tissue labeling MTCO1 with <u>ab203917</u> at 1/250 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (<u>ab97051</u>) at 1/500 dilution. Cytoplasm staining on hepatocytes of Human liver is observed. Counter stained with Hematoxylin. Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is <u>ab97051</u> at 1/500 dilution. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-MTCO1 antibody [EPR19642] - BSA and Azide free (ab251408)

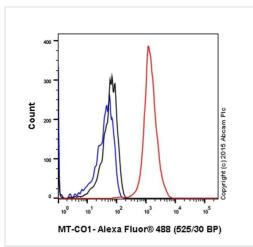


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-MTCO1 antibody [EPR19642] - BSA and Azide free (ab251408)

This data was developed using <u>ab203917</u>, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation. Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling MTCO1 with <u>ab203917</u> at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor[®] 488) (<u>ab150077</u>) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing cytoplasmic staining on HeLa cell line. The nuclear counterstain is DAPI (blue). Tubulin is detected with Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Loading Control (<u>ab7291</u>) at 1/1000 dilution and Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 594) preadsorbed (<u>ab150120</u>) at 1/1000 dilution (red). The negative controls are as follows:- -ve control 1: <u>ab203917</u> at 1/1000 dilution followed by <u>ab150120</u> at 1/1000 dilution. -ve control 2: <u>ab7291</u> at 1/1000 dilution followed by <u>ab150077</u> at 1/1000 dilution.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-MTCO1 antibody [EPR19642] - BSA and Azide free (ab251408)



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-MTCO1 antibody [EPR19642] - BSA and Azide free (ab251408) This data was developed using <u>ab203917</u>, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling MTCO1 with <u>ab203917</u> at 1/1000 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor[®] 488) (<u>ab150077</u>) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing cytoplasmic staining on HeLa cell line. The nuclear counterstain is DAPI (blue). COX IV is detected with <u>ab33985</u> (anti-COX IV mouse mAb) at 1/1000 dilution and Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 594) preadsorbed (<u>ab150120</u>) at 1/1000 dilution (red). The negative controls are as follows:- -ve control 1: <u>ab203917</u> at 1/1000 dilution followed by <u>ab150120</u> at 1/1000 dilution. -ve control 2: <u>ab33985</u> at 1/1000 dilution followed by <u>ab1500777</u> at 1/1000 dilution.

This data was developed using <u>ab203917</u>, the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation.

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells labeling MTCO1 with <u>ab203917</u> at 1/700 dilution (red) compared with a Rabbit IgG,monoclonal [EPR25A] - Isotype Control (<u>ab172730</u>) (black) and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (blue). Goat anti Rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor[®] 488) at 1/500 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- · We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit <u>https://www.abcam.com/abpromise</u> or contact our technical team.

Terms and conditions

• Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors