# abcam

# Product datasheet

# Anti-NUP98 antibody [2H10] - Nuclear Pore Marker ab50610

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#### Overview

Product name Anti-NUP98 antibody [2H10] - Nuclear Pore Marker

**Description** Rat monoclonal [2H10] to NUP98 - Nuclear Pore Marker

Host species Rat

Tested applications Suitable for: WB, ICC/IF

Species reactivity Reacts with: Mouse, Rat, Human, African green monkey

**Immunogen** Recombinant fragment corresponding to Human NUP98 aa 1-466.

Positive control WB: HeLa nuclear lysate. Jurkat, HeLa, COS-7, NIH/3T3 and SH-SY5Y cell lysate. ICC/IF: HeLa

and NIH/3T3 cells.

**General notes**This product was changed from ascites to tissue culture supernatant on 17 May 2019. Please

note that the dilutions may need to be adjusted accordingly. If you have any questions, please do

not hesitate to contact our scientific support team.

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -

80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.097% Sodium azide

Constituent: 0.0268% PBS

**Purity** Tissue culture supernatant

**Purification notes** Purified from TCS.

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Clone number 2H10

**Myeloma** Sp2

**lsotype** lgG2c

kappa

# Applications

Light chain type

# The Abpromise guarantee Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab50610 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB	<b>★★★★</b> <u>(2)</u>	1/1000. Detects a band of approximately 98 kDa.
ICC/IF	<b>★★★★☆ (1)</b>	Use at an assay dependent concentration.  Customers have reported that Paraformaldehyde/Triton x-100 fixation provides better results, with sharp, regularly punctuate perinuclear signals. In MetOH fixed cells, the signal intensity can be somehwat lower and fuzzier and that single nucleoporin dots can be harder to distinguish around nuclear chromatin. Please see images below.

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modifications

Function Nup98 and Nup96 play a role in the bidirectional transport across the nucleoporin complex (NPC).

The repeat domain in Nup98 has a direct role in the transport.

**Involvement in disease**Note=A chromosomal aberration involving NUP98 is found in a form of acute myeloid leukemia.

 $Translocation\ t (7;11) (p15;p15)\ with\ HOXA9.\ Translocation\ t (11;17) (p15;p13)\ with\ PHF23.$ 

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving NUP98 is found in childhood acute myeloid leukemia. Translocation t(5;11)(q35;p15.5) with NSD1. Translocation t(8;11)(p11.2;p15) with WHSC1L1.

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving NUP98 is found in a form of therapy-related

myelodysplastic syndrome. Translocation t(11;20)(p15;q11) with TOP1.

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving NUP98 is found in a form of T-cell acute lymphoblastic

leukemia (T-ALL). Translocation t(3;11)(q12.2;p15.4) with LNP1.

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving NUP98 is associated with pediatric acute myeloid leukemia (AML) with intermediate characteristics between M2-M3 French-American-British (FAB) subtypes. Translocation t(9;11)(p22;p15) with PSIP1/LEDGF. The chimeric transcript is an

in-frame fusion of NUP98 exon 8 to PSIP1/LEDGF exon 4.

**Sequence similarities** Belongs to the nucleoporin GLFG family.

Contains 1 peptidase S59 domain.

**Domain** Contains G-L-F-G repeats.

Post-translational Isoform 1 to isoform 4 are autoproteolytically cleaved to yield Nup98 and Nup96 or Nup98 only,

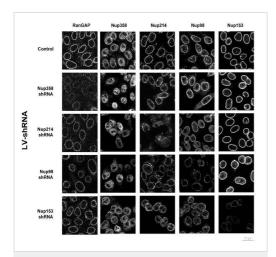
respectively. Cleaved Nup98 is necessary for the targeting of Nup98 to the nuclear pore and the

interaction with Nup96.

Cellular localization Nucleus > nuclear pore complex. Nucleus membrane. Nup96 is localized to the nucleoplasmic

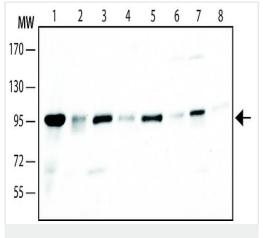
side of the nuclear pore complex, at or near the nucleoplasmic basket.

# **Images**



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-NUP98 antibody [2H10] - Nuclear Pore Marker (ab50610)

Di Nunzio et al PLoS One. 2012;7(9):e46037. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0046037. Epub 2012 Sep 25. Fig 1. Reproduced under the Creative Commons license http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/



Western blot - Anti-NUP98 antibody [2H10] - Nuclear Pore Marker (ab50610)

Lentiviral vector-encoded shRNAs achieve efficient knockdown of human nucleoporins and have negligible cytotoxic or cytostatic effects.

HeLa cells (4×10<sup>6</sup>) were transduced with lentiviral vectors (MOI 50) encoding shRNAs specific for the indicated nucleoporins and used at 2 days p.t for Nup153 shRNA and 5 days p.t for all others.

(Panel B) Subcellular localisation of nuclear pore components upon nucleoporin knock-down was tested by confocal fluorescence microscopy of LV- (Control) and LV-shRNA transduced cells using specific anti-Nup antibodies. Images were acquired on the same day with the same conditions and are representative of two independent experiments.

This image was generated using the ascites version of the product.

**All lanes :** Anti-NUP98 antibody [2H10] - Nuclear Pore Marker (ab50610) at 1 μg/ml

**Lane 1 :** HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) nuclear lysate

**Lane 2 :** HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cell lysate

Lane 3 : Jurkat (human T cell leukemia cell line from peripheral blood) cell lysate

**Lane 4 :** SH-SY5Y (human neuroblastoma cell line from bone marrow) cell lysate

Lane 5 : COS-7 (african green monkey kidney fibroblast-like cell line) cell lysate

Lane 6: NIH/3T3 (mouse embyro fibroblast cell line) cell lysate

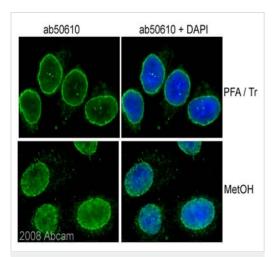
Lane 7 : P19 cell lysate Lane 8 : NRK cell lysate

# Secondary

All lanes: Goat Anti-Mouse IgG-Peroxidase

Developed using the ECL technique.

This image was generated using the ascites version of the product.

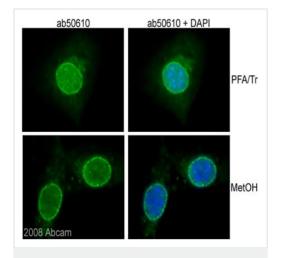


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-NUP98 antibody [2H10] - Nuclear Pore Marker (ab50610)

Image and protocol courtesy of Rosamaria Mangiacasale, Marilena Ciciarello and Patrizia Lavia, Univ Rome La Sapienza, Italy ab50610 (1/100) staining NUP98 in HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells (green).

Cells were fixed with paraformaldehyde/Triton X-100 [10 min in PTEMF buffer (20mM PIPES, 1mM MgCl $_2$ , 10mM EGTA, 4% PFA) /0.2% Triton X-100 at room temperature] or methanol (6 min in methanol -20 °C , followed by 3 washes in 1x PBS) and counterstained with DAPI in order to highlight the nucleus (blue).

This image was generated using the ascites version of the product.

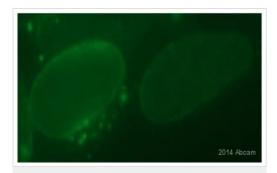


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-NUP98 antibody [2H10] - Nuclear Pore Marker (ab50610)

Image and protocol courtesy of Rosamaria Mangiacasale, Marilena Ciciarello and Patrizia Lavia, Univ Rome La Sapienza, Italy ab50610 (1/100) staining NUP98 in NIH/3T3 (Mouse embryo fibroblast cell line) cells (green).

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Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-NUP98 antibody [2H10] - Nuclear Pore Marker (ab50610)

This image is courtesy of an anonymous Abreview.

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.5% Triton X-100 permeabilized HEK-293T (human epithelial cell line from embryonic kidney transformed with large T antigen) cells stained for NUP98 (green) using ab50610 at 1/200 dilution in ICC/IF, followed by Donkey Anti-Rat Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488.

This image was generated using the ascites version of the product.

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