# abcam

# Product datasheet

# Anti-PAX5 antibody [EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free ab193556

Recombinant RabMAb

#### 16 Images

#### Overview

**Product name** Anti-PAX5 antibody [EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free

**Description** Rabbit monoclonal [EPR3730(2)] to PAX5 - BSA and Azide free

**Host species** Rabbit

**Tested applications** Suitable for: Flow Cyt (Intra), ICC/IF, IP, WB, IHC-P, ChIP

Species reactivity Reacts with: Mouse, Rat, Human

**Immunogen** Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.

Positive control WB: Ramos and Daudi cell lysates and human tonsil and mouse spleen tissue lysates. IHC-P:

> Human tonsil, hodgkin's lymphoma, spleen and diffuse B-cell lymphoma tissues. ICC/IF: Ramos cells. Flow Cyt (intra): Ramos cells. IP: Mouse spleen tissue lysate and Ramos cells. ChIP: Ramos

**General notes** ab193556 is the carrier-free version of ab109443.

> Our carrier-free antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. The carrier-free buffer and high concentration allow for increased conjugation efficiency.

This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cellbased assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.

Use our conjugation kits for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with <1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.

This product is compatible with the Maxpar<sup>®</sup> Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.

This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free production

For more information see here.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit

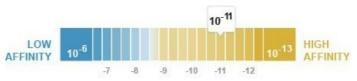
1

# **Properties**

Form Liquid

**Storage instructions** Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C. Do Not Freeze.

**Dissociation constant (K<sub>D</sub>)**  $K_D = 4.45 \times 10^{-11} M$ 



Learn more about K<sub>D</sub>

Storage buffer pH: 7.2

Constituent: PBS

Carrier free Yes

Purity Protein A purified

ClonalityMonoclonalClone numberEPR3730(2)

**Isotype** IgG

# **Applications**

**The Abpromise guarantee** Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab193556 in the following tested applications.

 $The application \ notes \ include \ recommended \ starting \ dilutions; optimal \ dilutions/concentrations \ should \ be \ determined \ by \ the \ end \ user.$ 

Application	Abreviews	Notes
Flow Cyt (Intra)		Use at an assay dependent concentration.  ab199376 - Rabbit monoclonal lgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.
ICC/IF		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
IP		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Predicted molecular weight: 42 kDa.
IHC-P		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol. See IHC antigen retrieval protocols.
ChIP		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

### **Target**

**Function** May play an important role in B-cell differentiation as well as neural development and

spermatogenesis. Involved in the regulation of the CD19 gene, a B-lymphoid-specific target gene.

**Involvement in disease** A chromosomal aberration involving PAX5 is a cause of acute lymphoblastic leukemia.

Translocation t(9;18)(p13;q11.2) with ZNF521. Translocation t(9;3)(p13;p14.1) with FOXP1.

Translocation t(9;12)(p13;p13) with ETV6.

Leukemia, acute lymphoblastic, 3

**Sequence similarities**Contains 1 paired domain.

**Developmental stage** Expressed at early B-cell differentiation, in the developing CNS and in adult testis.

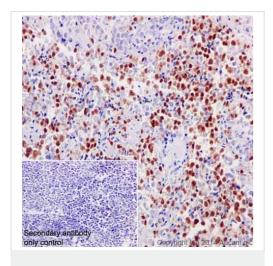
Post-translational

modifications

O-glycosylated.

Cellular localization Nucleus.

#### **Images**

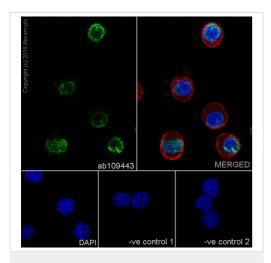


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PAX5 antibody

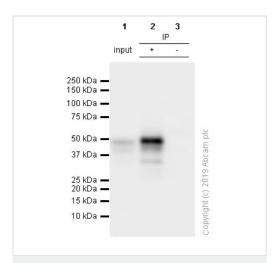
[EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of rat spleen tissue labelling PAX5 with purified **ab109443** at 1/1000. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9. **ab97051**, a HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (H+L) was used as the secondary antibody (1/500). Negative control using PBS instead of primary antibody. Counterstained with hematoxylin.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab109443</u>).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-PAX5 antibody [EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-PAX5 antibody
[EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis of Ramos cells labelling PAX5 with purified <u>ab109443</u> at 1/250. Cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. <u>ab150077</u>, an Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (1/500) was used as the secondary antibody. DAPI (blue) was used as the nuclear counterstain. <u>ab7291</u>, a mouse anti-tubulin (1/1000) and <u>ab150120</u>, an Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (1/500) were also used.

Control 1: primary antibody (1/250) and secondary antibody, **ab150120**, an Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (1/500).

Control 2:  $\underline{ab7291}$  (1/1000) and secondary antibody,  $\underline{ab150077}$ , an Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (1/500).

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab109443</u>).

<u>ab109443</u> (purified) at 1/20 dilution immunoprecipitating PAX5 in mouse spleen lysate  $10 \mu g$ .

Lane 1 (input): mouse spleen lysate 10 µg

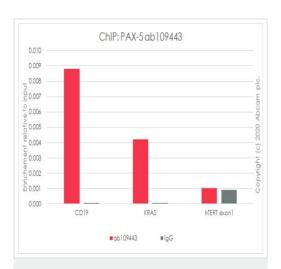
Lane 2 (+): ab109443 & mouse spleen lysate

Lane 3 (-): Rabbit monoclonal IgG (<u>ab172730</u>) instead of <u>ab109443</u> in mouse spleen lysate

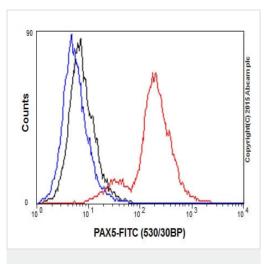
For western blotting, <u>ab109443</u> at 1/500 dilution (0.268  $\mu$ g/mL) and veriBlot for IP secondary antibody (HRP) (<u>ab131366</u>) at 1/1000 dilution was used.

Blocking and diluting buffer: 5% NFDM /TBST.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab109443)



ChIP - Anti-PAX5 antibody [EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-PAX5 antibody [EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

Chromatin was prepared from Ramos cells according to the Abcam Dual-X-ChIP protocol\*. Cells were fixed with 1.5 mM EGS for 30mins and then formaldehyde for 10min.

The ChIP was performed with 25 µg of chromatin, 5 µg of abzz (red), or 5 µg of rabbit normal lgG **ab172730** (gray) and 25 µl of Protein A/G Dynabeads. The immunoprecipitated DNA was quantified by real time PCR (Sybr green approach).

Primers and probes are from paper PMID:19806612

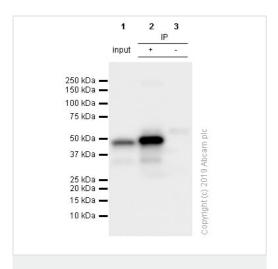
\*http://www.abcam.com/resources?

keywords=X%20ChIP%20protocol

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab109443).

Intracellular Flow Cytometry analysis of Ramos cells labelling PAX5 with purified <a href="mailto:ab109443">ab109443</a> at 1/30 (red). Cells were fixed with 80% methanol. A FITC-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (1/150) was used as the secondary antibody. Black - lsotype control, rabbit monoclonal lgG. Blue - Unlabelled control, cells without incubation with primary and secondary antibodies.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab109443</u>).



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-PAX5 antibody
[EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

<u>ab109443</u> (purified) at 1/20 dilution immunoprecipitating PAX5 in Ramos (Human Burkitt's lymphoma B lymphocyte) whole cell lysate  $10 \ \mu g$ .

Lane 1 (input): Ramos (Human Burkitt's lymphoma B lymphocyte) whole cell lysate 10 µg

Lane 2 (+): ab109443 & Ramos whole cell lysate

Lane 3 (-): Rabbit monoclonal lgG (ab172730) instead of

ab109443 in Ramos whole cell lysate

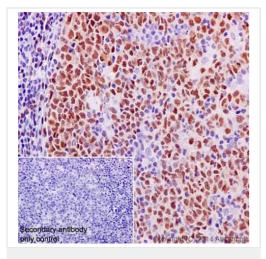
For western blotting, <u>ab109443</u> at 1/500 dilution (0.268  $\mu$ g/mL) and veriBlot for IP secondary antibody (HRP) (<u>ab131366</u>) at 1/1000 dilution was used.

Blocking and diluting buffer: 5% NFDM /TBST.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab109443)

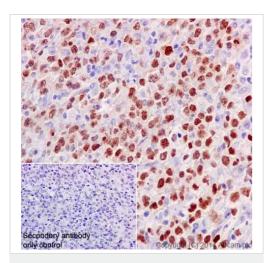
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human tonsil tissue labelling PAX5 with purified <u>ab109443</u> at 1/1000. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9. <u>ab97051</u>, a HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (H+L) was used as the secondary antibody (1/500). Negative control using PBS instead of primary antibody. Counterstained with hematoxylin.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab109443).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PAX5 antibody

[EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

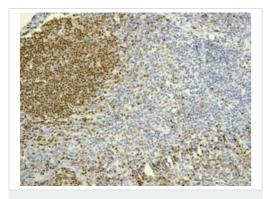


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PAX5 antibody

[EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human B-cell lymphoma tissue labelling PAX5 with purified **ab109443** at 1/1000. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9. **ab97051**, a HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (H+L) was used as the secondary antibody (1/500). Negative control using PBS instead of primary antibody. Counterstained with hematoxylin.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab109443</u>).



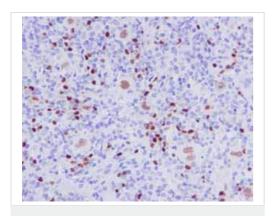
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PAX5 antibody

[EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human tonsil tissue labelling PAX5 with unpurified <u>ab109443</u>.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab109443).

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



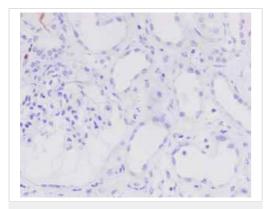
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PAX5 antibody

[EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human Hodgkin's lymphoma tissue labelling PAX5 with unpurified <u>ab109443</u>.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab109443).

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



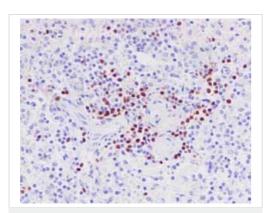
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PAX5 antibody

[EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

ab109443 showing negative staining in Normal kidney tissue.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab109443).

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



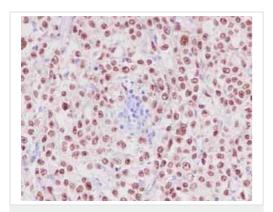
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PAX5 antibody

[EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human normal spleen tissue labelling PAX5 with unpurified <u>ab109443</u>.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (ab109443).

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



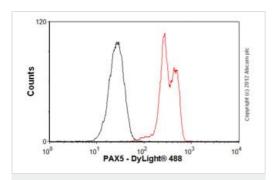
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PAX5 antibody

[EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human diffuse B-cell lymphoma tissue labelling PAX5 with unpurified <u>ab109443</u>.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab109443</u>).

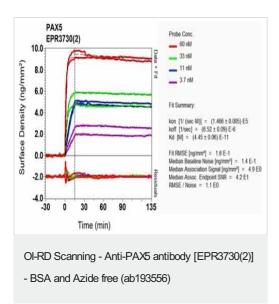
Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-PAX5 antibody [EPR3730(2)] - BSA and Azide free (ab193556)

Overlay histogram showing Ramos cells stained with unpurified <a href="mailto:ab109443">ab109443</a> (red line). The cells were fixed with 80% methanol (5 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Tween for 20 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (unpurified <a href="mailto:ab109443">ab109443</a>, 1/100 dilution) for 30 min at 22°C. The secondary antibody used was DyLight<sup>®</sup> 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) (<a href="mailto:ab96899">ab968899</a>) at 1/500 dilution for 30 min at 22°C. Isotype control antibody (black line) was rabbit IgG (monoclonal) (1µg/1x10<sup>6</sup> cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >5,000 events was performed.

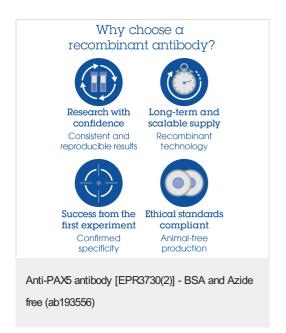
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab109443</u>).



Equilibrium disassociation constant ( $K_D$ ) Learn more about  $K_D$ 

#### Click here to learn more about KD

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab109443</u>).



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