abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] ab237728



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Overview

Product name Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20]

Description Rabbit monoclonal [CAL20] to PD1

Host species Rabbit

Tested applications Suitable for: IHC-P, mIHC, WB, ICC/IF

Unsuitable for: Flow Cyt or IP

Species reactivity Reacts with: Human, Rhesus monkey

Immunogen Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.

Positive control WB: MOLT-4 (treated with 10ng/ml PMA and 500ng/ml lonomycin for 24h) whole cell lysate.

> ICC/IF: MOLT-4 cells (treated with 10ng/ml PMA and 500ng/ml lonomycin for 24h). IHC-P: Human tonsil, lymph node and lung carcinoma tissues. mlHC: Human tonsil tissue and Human breast

cancer tissue.

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long

term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer pH: 7.2

Preservative: 0.05% Sodium azide

Constituent: PBS

Purity Protein A purified

Purity >99% **Purification notes** Clonality Monoclonal Clone number CAL₂₀

Isotype ΙgG

Applications

Our Abpromise quarantee covers the use of ab237728 in the following tested applications. The Abpromise guarantee

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
IHC-P	*****(1)	1/500. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.
mIHC		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
WB		1/1000. Detects a band of approximately 50-55 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 32 kDa).
ICC/IF		1/50.

Application notes

Is unsuitable for Flow Cyt or IP.

Target

Function Possible cell death inducer, in association with other factors.

Involvement in diseaseGenetic variation in PDCD1 is associated with susceptibility to systemic lupus erythematosus

type 2 (SLEB2) [MIM:605218]. Systemic lupus erythematosus is a chronic, inflammatory and often febrile multisystemic disorder of connective tissue. It affects principally the skin, joints, kidneys and serosal membranes. It is thought to represent a failure of the regulatory mechanisms of the

autoimmune system.

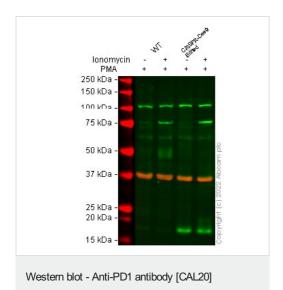
Sequence similarities Contains 1 lg-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.

Developmental stage Induced at programmed cell death.

Cellular localization Membrane.

Images

(ab237728)



All lanes : Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728) at 1/500 dilution

Lane 1: Wild-type HeLa Vehicle Control lonomycin (0 ng/mL, 24h)

+ PMA (10 ng/mL, 24 h) cell lysate

Lane 2: Wild-type HeLa Treated lonomycin (500 ng/mL, 24h) +

PMA (10 ng/mL, 24 h) cell lysate

Lane 3: PDCD1 knockout Hela vehicle Control lonomycin(0ng/mL

24h)+PMA(10ng/mL 24h) cell lysate

Lane 4: PDCD1 knockout Hela lonomycin(500ng/mL

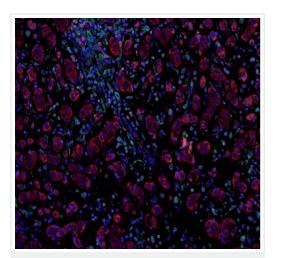
24h)+PMA(10ng/mL 24h) cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 32 kDa Observed band size: 48 kDa

False colour image of Western blot: Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] staining at 1/500 dilution, shown in green; Mouse anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] (ab8245) loading control staining at 1/20000 dilution, shown in red. In Western blot, ab237728 was shown to bind specifically to PD1. A band was observed at 48 kDa in wild-type HeLa cell lysates with no signal observed at this size in PDCD1 CRISPR-Cas9 edited cell line ab255417 (CRISPR-Cas9 edited cell lysate ab263794). The band observed in the CRISPR-Cas9 edited lysate lane below 48 kDa is likely to represent a truncated form of PD1. This has not been investigated further and the functional properties of the gene product have not been determined. To generate this image, wild-type and PDCD1 CRISPR-Cas9 edited HeLa cell lysates were analysed. First, samples were run on an SDS-PAGE gel then transferred onto a nitrocellulose membrane. Membranes were blocked in fluorescent western blot (TBS-based) blocking solution before incubation with primary antibodies overnight at 4 °C. Blots were washed four times in TBS-T, incubated with secondary antibodies for 1 h at room temperature, washed again four times then imaged. Secondary antibodies used were Goat anti-Rabbit lgG H&L 800CW and Goat anti-Mouse lgG H&L 680RD at 1/20000 dilution.



Multiplex immunohistochemistry - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

This image is courtesy of ImmunoAtlas.

Fluorescence multiplex immunohistochemical analysis of Human breast cancer tissue (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded section).

Merged staining of Anti-PD-L1 (ab251611; cyan; Opal™ 520), Anti-Granzyme B (ab219803; yellow; Opal™ 540), Anti-PD1 (ab251613; magenta; Opal™ 570), Anti-pan Cytokeratin (ab264485; red; Opal™ 620), Anti-EpCAM (ab225894; red; Opal™ 620), Anti-CD8 alpha (ab251596; green; Opal™ 650) and Anti-FOXP3 (ab96048; orange; Opal™ 690). EpCAM and pancytokeratin share the same dye and color. Dyes are pseudocolored for better contrast of the markers.

The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND[®] MAX instrument with an Opal[™] 6-Plex Detection Kit (NEL821001KT, Akoya Biosciences[®]).

The section was incubated in six rounds of staining; sequentially for <u>ab251611</u> (1/750 dilution), <u>ab219803</u> (1/250 dilution), <u>ab251613</u> (1/750 dilution), <u>ab264485</u> (0.5 μg/ml), <u>ab225894</u> (1/1250 dilution),

<u>ab251596</u> (1/1500 dilution) and <u>ab96048</u> (10 μg/ml); each using a separate fluorescent tyramide signal amplification system. EDTA based antigen retrieval (Leica Biosystems BOND[®] Epitope Retrieval Solution 2, pH 9.0, 20 minutes) was used in between rounds of tyramide signal amplification to remove the antibody from the previous round, to avoid any cross-reactivity. DAPI (dark blue) was used as a nuclear counter stain.

Microscopy and pseudocoloring of individual Opal™ dyes was performed using a Vectra 3 Imaging System (Akoya Biosciences®).

This data is courtesy of ImmunoAtlas and it can be found **here**.

All lanes : Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : Untreated MOLT-4 (human lymphoblastic leukemia cell line), whole cell lysate

Lane 2: MOLT-4 (treated with 10ng/ml PMA and 500ng/ml lonomycin for 24h), whole cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

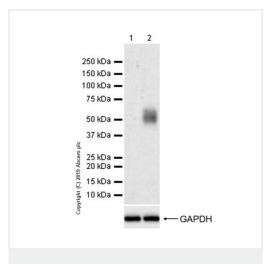
Secondary

All lanes : Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (<u>ab97051</u>) at 1/100000 dilution

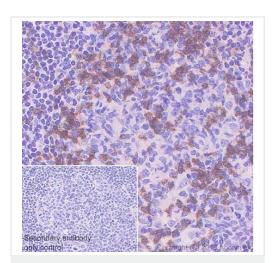
Predicted band size: 32 kDa **Observed band size:** 50-55 kDa

Exposure time: 3 minutes

Blocking and dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Western blot - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

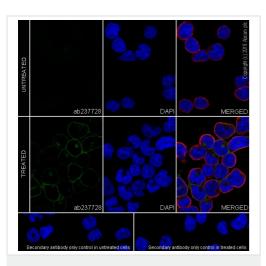
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embeded human tonsil tissue labeling PD1 with ab237728 at 1/500 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) ready to use. Positive staining on the human tonsil.is observed. Counter stained with hematoxylin.

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, secondary antibody is Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG H&L (HRP) ready to use.

Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 30 mins.

The section was incubated with ab237728 for 15 mins at room temperature.

The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument.

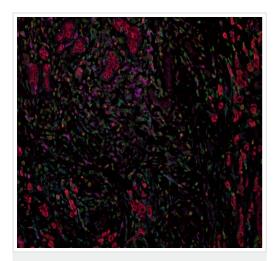


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized MOLT-4 (human lymphoblastic leukemia cell line) cells labeling PD1 with ab237728 at 1/50 dilution, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG H&L (Alexa Fluor[®] 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (green). Confocal image showing membranous staining in MOLT-4 cells treated with PMA (10ng/ml 24h) and lonomycin(500ng/ml 24h). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Tubulin is detected with Antialpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor[®] 594) (ab195889) at 1/200 dilution (red).

Secondary antibody only control: Used PBS instead of primary antibody, followed by Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077) secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution.

Cells were either untreated, ot treated with treated with PMA (10ng/ml 24h) and lonomycin (500ng/ml 24h).



Multiplex immunohistochemistry - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

This image is courtesy of ImmunoAtlas.

Fluorescence multiplex immunohistochemical analysis of Human breast cancer tissue (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded section).

Merged staining of Anti-PD-L1 (ab251611; cyan; Opal™ 520), Anti-Granzyme B (ab219803; yellow; Opal™ 540), Anti-PD1 (ab251613; magenta; Opal™ 570), Anti-pan Cytokeratin (ab264485; red; Opal™ 620), Anti-EpCAM (ab225894; red; Opal™ 620), Anti-CD8 alpha (ab251596; green; Opal™ 650) and Anti-FOXP3 (ab96048; orange; Opal™ 690). EpCAM and pancytokeratin share the same dye and color. Dyes are pseudocolored for better contrast of the markers.

The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND[®] MAX instrument with an Opal[™] 6-Plex Detection Kit (NEL821001KT, Akoya Biosciences[®]).

The section was incubated in six rounds of staining; sequentially for ab251611 (1/750 dilution), ab251613 (1/250 dilution), ab264485 (0.5 μg/ml), ab225894 (1/1250 dilution), ab251596 (1/1500 dilution) and ab96048 (10 μg/ml); each using a separate fluorescent tyramide signal amplification system. EDTA based antigen retrieval (Leica Biosystems BOND® Epitope Retrieval Solution 2, pH 9.0, 20 minutes) was used in between rounds of tyramide signal amplification to remove the antibody from the previous round, to avoid any cross-reactivity. DAPI (dark blue) was used as a nuclear counter stain.

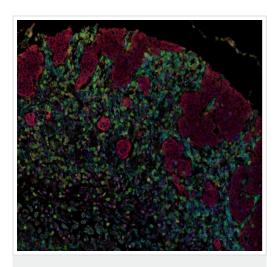
Microscopy and pseudocoloring of individual Opal™ dyes was performed using a Vectra 3 Imaging System (Akoya Biosciences®).

This data is courtesy of ImmunoAtlas and it can be found here.

Fluorescence multiplex immunohistochemical analysis of Human breast cancer tissue (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded section).

Merged staining of Anti-PD-L1 (ab251611; cyan; Opal™ 520), Anti-Granzyme B (ab219803; yellow; Opal™ 540), Anti-PD1 (ab251613; magenta; Opal™ 570), Anti-pan Cytokeratin (ab264485; red; Opal™ 620), Anti-EpCAM (ab225894; red; Opal™ 620), Anti-CD8 alpha (ab251596; green; Opal™ 650) and Anti-FOXP3 (ab96048; orange; Opal™ 690). EpCAM and pancytokeratin share the same dye and color. Dyes are pseudocolored for better contrast of the markers.

The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems $BOND^{\circledR}MAX$ instrument with an $Opal^{\intercal}M$ 6-Plex Detection Kit (NEL821001KT, Akoya Biosciences $^{\circledR}$).



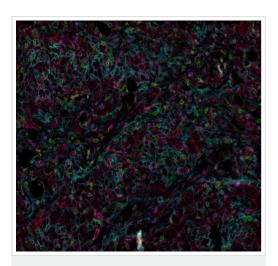
Multiplex immunohistochemistry - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

This image is courtesy of ImmunoAtlas.

The section was incubated in six rounds of staining; sequentially for ab251611 (1/750 dilution), ab251613 (1/250 dilution), ab264485 (0.5 μg/ml), ab225894 (1/1250 dilution), ab251596 (1/1500 dilution) and ab96048 (10 μg/ml); each using a separate fluorescent tyramide signal amplification system. EDTA based antigen retrieval (Leica Biosystems BOND® Epitope Retrieval Solution 2, pH 9.0, 20 minutes) was used in between rounds of tyramide signal amplification to remove the antibody from the previous round, to avoid any cross-reactivity. DAPI (dark blue) was used as a nuclear counter stain.

Microscopy and pseudocoloring of individual Opal™ dyes was performed using a Vectra 3 Imaging System (Akoya Biosciences®).

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Multiplex immunohistochemistry - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

This image is courtesy of ImmunoAtlas.

Fluorescence multiplex immunohistochemical analysis of Human breast cancer tissue (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded section).

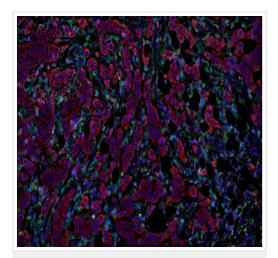
Merged staining of Anti-PD-L1 (ab251611; cyan; Opal[™] 520), Anti-Granzyme B (ab219803; yellow; Opal[™] 540), Anti-PD1 (ab251613; magenta; Opal[™] 570), Anti-pan Cytokeratin (ab264485; red; Opal[™] 620), Anti-EpCAM (ab225894; red; Opal[™] 620), Anti-CD8 alpha (ab251596; green; Opal[™] 650) and Anti-FOXP3 (ab96048; orange; Opal[™] 690). EpCAM and pancytokeratin share the same dye and color. Dyes are pseudocolored for better contrast of the markers.

The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND[®] MAX instrument with an Opal[™] 6-Plex Detection Kit (NEL821001KT, Akoya Biosciences[®]).

The section was incubated in six rounds of staining; sequentially for ab251611 (1/750 dilution), ab251613 (1/250 dilution), ab264485 (0.5 μg/ml), ab225894 (1/1250 dilution), ab251596 (1/1500 dilution) and ab96048 (10 μg/ml); each using a separate fluorescent tyramide signal amplification system. EDTA based antigen retrieval (Leica Biosystems BOND® Epitope Retrieval Solution 2, pH 9.0, 20 minutes) was used in between rounds of tyramide signal amplification to remove the antibody from the previous round, to avoid any cross-reactivity. DAPI (dark blue) was used as a nuclear counter stain.

Microscopy and pseudocoloring of individual Opal™ dyes was performed using a Vectra 3 Imaging System (Akoya Biosciences®).

This data is courtesy of ImmunoAtlas and it can be found here.



Multiplex immunohistochemistry - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

This image is courtesy of ImmunoAtlas.

Fluorescence multiplex immunohistochemical analysis of Human breast cancer tissue (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded section).

Merged staining of Anti-PD-L1 (ab251611; cyan; Opal[™] 520), Anti-Granzyme B (ab219803; yellow; Opal[™] 540), Anti-PD1 (ab251613; magenta; Opal[™] 570), Anti-pan Cytokeratin (ab264485; red; Opal[™] 620), Anti-EpCAM (ab225894; red; Opal[™] 620), Anti-CD8 alpha (ab251596; green; Opal[™] 650) and Anti-FOXP3 (ab96048; orange; Opal[™] 690). EpCAM and pancytokeratin share the same dye and color. Dyes are pseudocolored for better contrast of the markers.

The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND[®] MAX instrument with an Opal[™] 6-Plex Detection Kit (NEL821001KT, Akoya Biosciences[®]).

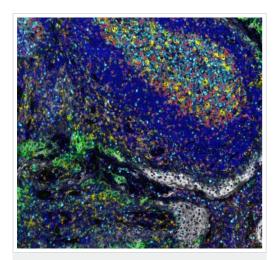
The section was incubated in six rounds of staining; sequentially for ab251611 (1/750 dilution), ab251613 (1/750 dilution), ab264485 (0.5 μg/ml), ab225894 (1/1250 dilution), ab251596 (1/1500 dilution) and ab96048 (10 μg/ml); each using a separate fluorescent tyramide signal amplification system. EDTA based antigen retrieval (Leica Biosystems BOND® Epitope Retrieval Solution 2, pH 9.0, 20 minutes) was used in between rounds of tyramide signal amplification to remove the antibody from the previous round, to avoid any cross-reactivity. DAPI (dark blue) was used as a nuclear counter stain.

Microscopy and pseudocoloring of individual Opal™ dyes was performed using a Vectra 3 Imaging System (Akoya Biosciences®).

This data is courtesy of ImmunoAtlas and it can be found here.

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human lymph node tissue stained for PD1 using ab237728 at 0.125 μ g/ml dilution in immunohistochemical analysis.



Multiplex immunohistochemistry - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

Fluorescence multiplex immunohistochemical analysis of normal human tonsil tissue (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded section).

Merged staining of anti-PD1 (ab237728; orange; Opal[™]520), anti-PDL1 (ab237726; green; Opal[™]540), anti-CD68 (ab192847; yellow; Opal[™]570), anti-CD3 (ab16669; red; Opal[™]620), anti-Ki67 (ab16667; light blue; Opal[™]650) and anti-PanCK (ab7753; grey; Opal[™]690).

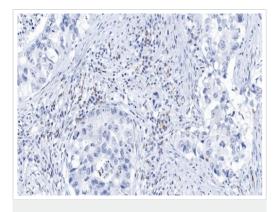
The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems
BOND® RX instrument with an Opal™ 7-color automation IHC kit
(NEL821001KT, Akoya Biosciences®).

The section was incubated in six rounds of staining; in the order of ab237728 (1/500 dilution), <u>ab237726</u> (1/500 dilution), <u>ab192847</u> (1/300 dilution), <u>ab16669</u> (1/300 dilution), <u>ab16667</u> (1/200 dilution) and <u>ab7753</u> (1/200 dilution); each using a separate fluorescent tyramide signal amplification system.

Sodium citrate antigen retrieval (Leica ER1, pH6.0, 30 minutes) was used in between rounds of tyramide signal amplification to remove the antibody from the previous round, to avoid any cross-reactivity.

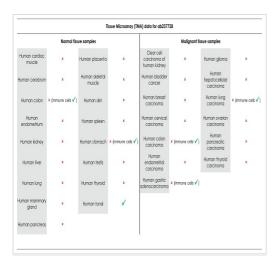
DAPI (dark blue) was used as a nuclear counter stain.

Microscopy and pseudocoloring of individual Opal™ dyes was performed using a Vectra Polaris.



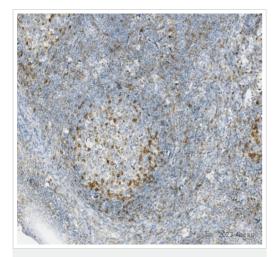
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma tissue stained for PD1 using ab237728 at 0.125 μ g/ml dilution in immunohistochemical analysis.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

Tissue Microarrays stained for "Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20]" using "ab237728" in immunohistochemical analysis. This table provides a detailed overview of positive (tick mark) and negative (cross mark) staining per sample type tested. The sections were pre-treated using Heat mediated antigen retrieval using Bond™ Epitope Retrieval Solution 2 (pH 9.0) for 30 minutes. The sections were incubated with ab237728 for 15 mins at room temperature followed by a ready to use LeicaDS9800 (Bond™ Polymer Refine Detection). The immunostaining was performed on a Leica Biosystems BOND® RX instrument.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-PD1 antibody [CAL20] (ab237728)

This image is courtesy of Dr. Chi Ngai Chan

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embeded Rhesus monkey tonsil tissue labeling PD1 with <u>ab251613</u> followed by Polink 1 Polymer HRP anti-Rabbit lgG.

Heat mediated antigen retrieval-Buffer/Enzyme Used: Dako pH9.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation (ab251613).



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