


# Anti-PDGFR beta (phospho Y751) antibody ab51046

[1 References](#) [2 Images](#)

## Overview

<b>Product name</b>	Anti-PDGFR beta (phospho Y751) antibody
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit polyclonal to PDGFR beta (phospho Y751)
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Specificity</b>	Detects endogenous levels of PDGFR- $\beta$ only when phosphorylated at tyrosine 751.
<b>Tested applications</b>	<b>Suitable for:</b> ELISA, IHC-P, WB
<b>Species reactivity</b>	<b>Reacts with:</b> Human <b>Predicted to work with:</b> Mouse, Rat 
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthetic peptide corresponding to Human PDGFR beta aa 700-800 (phospho Y751). Database link: <a href="#">P09619</a>
<b>Positive control</b>	WB:A431 cells treated with 0.05ng of PDGF IHC-P: Human brain tissue.
<b>General notes</b>	<p>The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets your needs before purchasing.</p> <p>If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&amp;As</p>

## Properties

<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage instructions</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C. Stable for 12 months at -20°C.
<b>Storage buffer</b>	pH: 7.40 Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.87% Sodium chloride, PBS  Without Mg+2 and Ca+2
<b>Purity</b>	Immunogen affinity purified
<b>Purification notes</b>	Purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity chromatography using epitope specific phosphopeptide. The antibody against non phosphopeptide was removed by chromatography using non phosphopeptide correspondng to the phosphorylation site.

<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG

## Applications

**The Abpromise guarantee** Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab51046 in the following tested applications. The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
<b>ELISA</b>		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
<b>IHC-P</b>		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
<b>WB</b>		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Predicted molecular weight: 123 kDa.

## Target

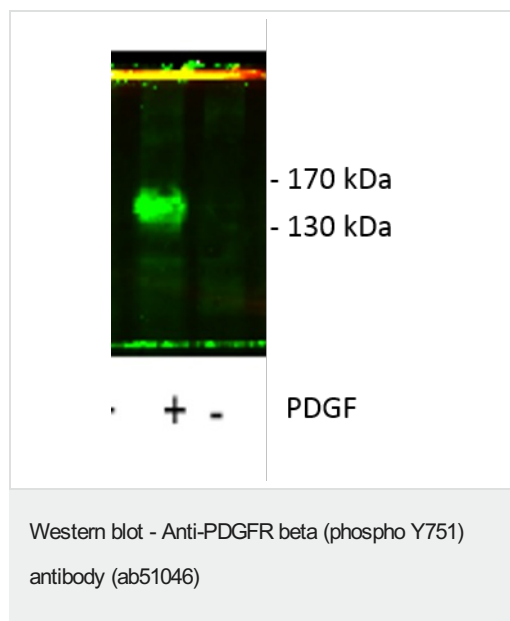
**Function** Receptor that binds specifically to PDGFB and PDGFD and has a tyrosine-protein kinase activity. Phosphorylates Tyr residues at the C-terminus of PTPN11 creating a binding site for the SH2 domain of GRB2.

**Involvement in disease** Note=A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB is found in a form of chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMML). Translocation t(5;12)(q33;p13) with EVT6/TEL. It is characterized by abnormal clonal myeloid proliferation and by progression to acute myelogenous leukemia (AML). Note=A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB may be a cause of acute myelogenous leukemia. Translocation t(5;14)(q33;q32) with TRIP11. The fusion protein may be involved in clonal evolution of leukemia and eosinophilia. Note=A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB may be a cause of juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia. Translocation t(5;17)(q33;p11.2) with SPECC1. Defects in PDGFRB are a cause of myeloproliferative disorder chronic with eosinophilia (MPE) [MIM:131440]. A hematologic disorder characterized by malignant eosinophils proliferation. Note=A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB is found in many instances of myeloproliferative disorder chronic with eosinophilia. Translocation t(5;12) with ETV6 on chromosome 12 creating an PDGFRB-ETV6 fusion protein. Note=A chromosomal aberration involving PDGFRB may be the cause of a myeloproliferative disorder (MBD) associated with eosinophilia. Translocation t(1;5)(q23;q33) that forms a PDE4DIP-PDGFRB fusion protein.

**Sequence similarities** Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. CSF-1/PDGF receptor subfamily. Contains 5 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains. Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

**Post-translational modifications** Autophosphorylated. Dephosphorylated by PTPRJ at Tyr-751, Tyr-857, Tyr-1009 and Tyr-1021.

**Cellular localization** Membrane.



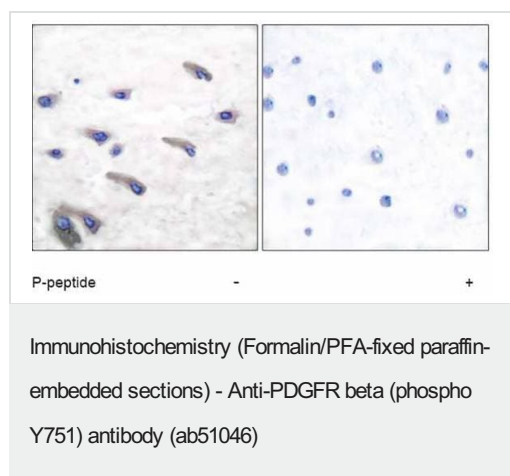
**All lanes :** Anti-PDGFR beta (phospho Y751) antibody (ab51046)

**Lane 1 :** A431 cells treated with 0.05ng of PDGF

**Lane 2 :** A431 cells untreated treated

**Predicted band size:** 123 kDa

**Observed band size:** 130-170 kDa



Human brain tissue labelled with ab51046 at 1/50 dilution

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

### Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit <https://www.abcam.com/abpromise> or contact our technical team.

### Terms and conditions

- Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors