# abcam

## Product datasheet

## PE Anti-TNF alpha antibody [EPR20972] ab237355

Recombinant RabMAb

## 2 Images

#### Overview

**Product name** PE Anti-TNF alpha antibody [EPR20972]

**Description** PE Rabbit monoclonal [EPR20972] to TNF alpha

**Host species** Rabbit

Conjugation PE. Ex: 488nm, Em: 575nm **Tested applications** Suitable for: Flow Cyt (Intra)

Species reactivity Reacts with: Mouse

**Immunogen** Recombinant fragment within Mouse TNF alpha aa 1 to the C-terminus. The exact immunogen

> sequence used to generate this antibody is proprietary information. If additional detail on the immunogen is needed to determine the suitability of the antibody for your needs, please contact

our Scientific Support team to discuss your requirements.

Database link: P06804

Positive control Flow Cyt (intra): RAW264.7 cells.

**General notes** This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility

- Improved sensitivity and specificity

- Long-term security of supply

- Animal-free production

For more information see here.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb**® **patents**.

#### **Properties**

**Form** Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at +4°C. Store

In the Dark.

Storage buffer pH: 7.4

> Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide Constituents: 1% BSA, PBS

Protein A purified **Purity** 

ClonalityMonoclonalClone numberEPR20972

**Isotype** IgG

## **Applications**

The Abpromise guarantee

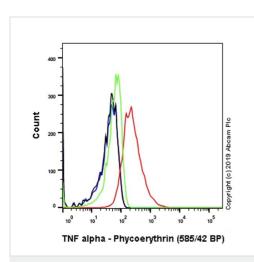
Our <u>Abpromise guarantee</u> covers the use of ab237355 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
Flow Cyt (Intra)		1/50.

Target		
Function	Cytokine that binds to TNFRSF1A/TNFR1 and TNFRSF1B/TNFBR. It is mainly secreted by macrophages and can induce cell death of certain tumor cell lines. It is potent pyrogen causing fever by direct action or by stimulation of interleukin-1 secretion and is implicated in the induction of cachexia, Under certain conditions it can stimulate cell proliferation and induce cell differentiation.	
Involvement in disease	Genetic variations in TNF are a cause of susceptibility psoriatic arthritis (PSORAS) [MIM:607507]. PSORAS is an inflammatory, seronegative arthritis associated with psoriasis. It is a heterogeneous disorder ranging from a mild, non-destructive disease to a severe, progressive, erosive arthropathy. Five types of psoriatic arthritis have been defined: asymmetrical oligoarthritis characterized by primary involvement of the small joints of the fingers or toes; asymmetrical arthritis which involves the joints of the extremities; symmetrical polyarthritis characterized by a rheumatoidlike pattern that can involve hands, wrists, ankles, and feet; arthritis mutilans, which is a rare but deforming and destructive condition; arthritis of the sacroiliac joints and spine (psoriatic spondylitis).	
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the tumor necrosis factor family.	
Post-translational modifications	The soluble form derives from the membrane form by proteolytic processing.  The membrane form, but not the soluble form, is phosphorylated on serine residues.  Dephosphorylation of the membrane form occurs by binding to soluble TNFRSF1A/TNFR1.  O-glycosylated; glycans contain galactose, N-acetylgalactosamine and N-acetylneuraminic acid.	
Cellular localization	Secreted and Cell membrane.	

## **Images**



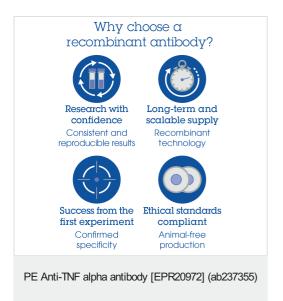
Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - PE Anti-TNF alpha antibody [EPR20972] (ab237355)

Overlay histogram showing RAW264.7 cells treated (red line) or untreated (green line) with 100 ng/mL of lipopolysaccharides (LPS) for 7 hours with addition of 1  $\mu$ g/mL brefeldin A (BFA) for the last 3 hours and subsequent staining with ab237355. The cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde and then permeabilized with 90% methanol. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS/10% normal serum to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (ab237355) (1x10<sup>6</sup> in 100 $\mu$ l at 1/50 dilution (10  $\mu$ g/ml)) for 30 min at 22°C.

Isotype control antibody (black line) was Rabbit IgG (monoclonal)

Phycoerythrin (<u>ab209478</u>) used at the same concentration and conditions. Unlabeled sample (blue line) was also used as a control.

Acquisition of >5,000 events were collected using a 20 mW Blue laser (488 nm) and 585/42 bandpass filter.



Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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