

Product datasheet

Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR23729-4] - BSA and Azide free ab273629

KO VALIDATED Recombinant RabMAb[®]

7 Images

Overview

Product name	Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR23729-4] - BSA and Azide free
Description	Rabbit monoclonal [EPR23729-4] to PTEN - BSA and Azide free
Host species	Rabbit
Tested applications	Suitable for: Flow Cyt (Intra), WB, IP Unsuitable for: ICC/IF or IHC-P
Species reactivity	Reacts with: Mouse, Rat, Human
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.
Positive control	WB: Wild-type HAP1 whole cell lysate; MCF7, RAW 264.7, PC-12, NIH/3T3, Neuro 2a and HeLa whole cell lysates. Flow Cyt (intra): Wild-type HAP1, MCF7 and NIH/3T3 cells. IP: MCF7 and NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates.
General notes	<p>ab273629 is the carrier-free version of ab260011.</p> <p>Our carrier-free antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. The carrier-free buffer and high concentration allow for increased conjugation efficiency.</p> <p>This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.</p> <p>Use our conjugation kits for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with <1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.</p> <p>This product is compatible with the Maxpar[®] Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar[®] is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.</p> <p>This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility- Improved sensitivity and specificity- Long-term security of supply- Animal-free production <p>For more information see here.</p> <p>Our RabMAb[®] technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit</p>

monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to [RabMAb® patents](#).

Properties

Form	Liquid
Storage instructions	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C. Do Not Freeze.
Storage buffer	pH: 7.2 Constituent: PBS
Carrier free	Yes
Purity	Protein A purified
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone number	EPR23729-4
Isotype	IgG

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab273629 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
Flow Cyt (Intra)		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Detects a band of approximately 54 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 47 kDa).
IP		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Application notes Is unsuitable for ICC/IF or IHC-P.

Target

Function Tumor suppressor. Acts as a dual-specificity protein phosphatase, dephosphorylating tyrosine-, serine- and threonine-phosphorylated proteins. Also acts as a lipid phosphatase, removing the phosphate in the D3 position of the inositol ring from phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate, phosphatidylinositol 3,4-diphosphate, phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate and inositol 1,3,4,5-tetrakisphosphate with order of substrate preference in vitro $\text{PtdIns}(3,4,5)\text{P}_3 > \text{PtdIns}(3,4)\text{P}_2 > \text{PtdIns}3\text{P} > \text{Ins}(1,3,4,5)\text{P}_4$. The lipid phosphatase activity is critical for its tumor suppressor function. Antagonizes the PI3K-AKT/PKB signaling pathway by dephosphorylating phosphoinositides and thereby modulating cell cycle progression and cell survival. The unphosphorylated form cooperates with AIP1 to suppress AKT1 activation. Dephosphorylates tyrosine-phosphorylated focal adhesion kinase and inhibits cell migration and integrin-mediated cell spreading and focal adhesion formation. Plays a role as a key modulator of the AKT-mTOR signaling pathway controlling the tempo of the process of newborn neurons integration during adult neurogenesis, including correct neuron positioning, dendritic development and synapse formation. May be a negative regulator of insulin signaling and glucose metabolism in adipose

tissue. The nuclear monoubiquitinated form possesses greater apoptotic potential, whereas the cytoplasmic nonubiquitinated form induces less tumor suppressive ability. In motile cells, suppresses the formation of lateral pseudopods and thereby promotes cell polarization and directed movement.

Isoform alpha: Functional kinase, like isoform 1 it antagonizes the PI3K-AKT/PKB signaling pathway. Plays a role in mitochondrial energetic metabolism by promoting COX activity and ATP production, via collaboration with isoform 1 in increasing protein levels of PINK1.

Tissue specificity

Expressed at a relatively high level in all adult tissues, including heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, muscle, kidney and pancreas.

Involvement in disease

Cowden syndrome 1

Lhermitte-Duclos disease

Bannayan-Riley-Ruvalcaba syndrome

Squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck

Endometrial cancer

PTEN mutations are found in a subset of patients with Proteus syndrome, a genetically heterogeneous condition. The molecular diagnosis of PTEN mutation positive cases classifies Proteus syndrome patients as part of the PTEN hamartoma syndrome spectrum. As such, patients surviving the early years of Proteus syndrome are likely at a greater risk of developing malignancies.

Glioma 2

VACTERL association with hydrocephalus

Prostate cancer

Macrocephaly/autism syndrome

A microdeletion of chromosome 10q23 involving BMPR1A and PTEN is a cause of chromosome 10q23 deletion syndrome, which shows overlapping features of the following three disorders:

Bannayan-Zonana syndrome, Cowden disease and juvenile polyposis syndrome.

Sequence similarities

Contains 1 C2 tensin-type domain.

Contains 1 phosphatase tensin-type domain.

Domain

The C2 domain binds phospholipid membranes in vitro in a Ca(2+)-independent manner; this binding is important for its tumor suppressor function.

Post-translational modifications

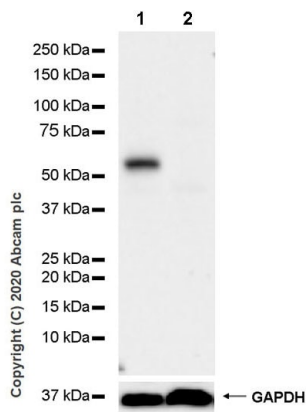
Constitutively phosphorylated by CK2 under normal conditions. Phosphorylated in vitro by MAST1, MAST2, MAST3 and STK11. Phosphorylation results in an inhibited activity towards PIP3. Phosphorylation can both inhibit or promote PDZ-binding. Phosphorylation at Tyr-336 by FRK/PTK5 protects this protein from ubiquitin-mediated degradation probably by inhibiting its binding to NEDD4. Phosphorylation by ROCK1 is essential for its stability and activity.

Phosphorylation by PLK3 promotes its stability and prevents its degradation by the proteasome. Monoubiquitinated; monoubiquitination is increased in presence of retinoic acid. Deubiquitinated by USP7; leading to its nuclear exclusion. Monoubiquitination of one of either Lys-13 and Lys-289 amino acid is sufficient to modulate PTEN compartmentalization. Ubiquitinated by XIAP/BIRC4.

Cellular localization

Secreted. May be secreted via a classical signal peptide and reenter into cells with the help of a poly-Arg motif and Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus, PML body. Monoubiquitinated form is nuclear. Nonubiquitinated form is cytoplasmic. Colocalized with PML and USP7 in PML nuclear bodies. XIAP/BIRC4 promotes its nuclear localization.

Images



Western blot - Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR23729-4] - BSA and Azide free (ab273629)

All lanes : Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR23729-4] (**ab260011**) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : Wild-type HAP1 whole cell lysate

Lane 2 : PTEN knockout HAP1 whole cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Secondary

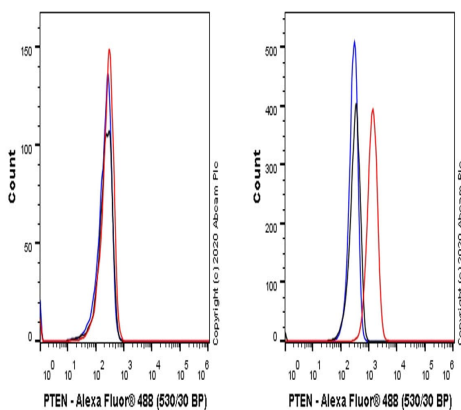
All lanes : Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (**ab97051**) at 1/100000 dilution

Predicted band size: 47 kDa

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFD/MTBST.

Exposure time: 59 seconds.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab260011**).

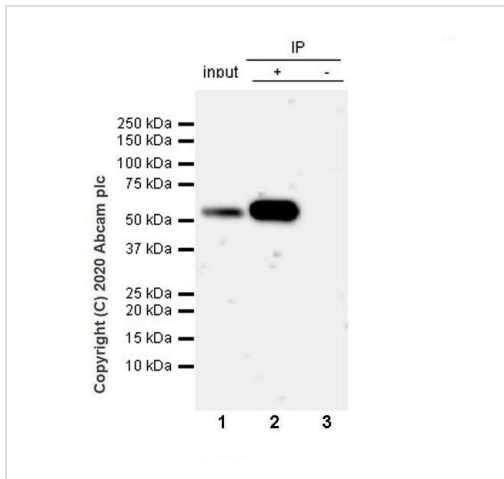


Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR23729-4] - BSA and Azide free (ab273629)

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde fixed, 90% methanol permeabilized Parental HAP1 (Wildtype control Human chronic myelogenous leukemia near-haploid cell line) (Right) / PTEN KO HAP1 (Left) cells labelling PTEN with **ab260011** at 1/600 dilution (0.1 µg) (Red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (**ab172730**) (Black) isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue).

A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor®488, **ab150077**) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab260011**).



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-PTEN antibody
[EPR23729-4] - BSA and Azide free (ab273629)

PTEN was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg NIH/3T3 (mouse embryonic fibroblast), whole cell lysate with **ab260011** at 1/30 dilution (2ug in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using **ab260011** at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP)(**ab131366**) was used at 1/5000 dilution.

Lane 1: NIH/3T3 (mouse embryonic fibroblast), whole cell lysate 10 ug

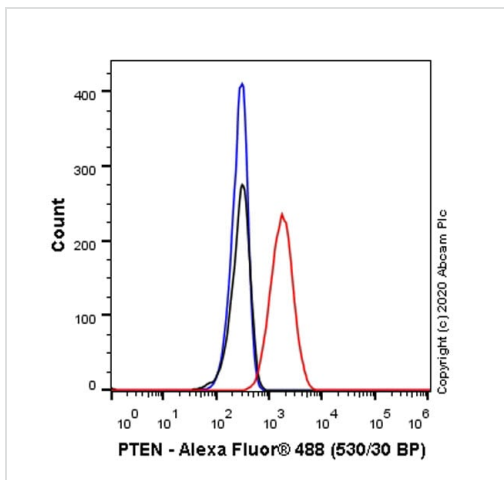
Lane 2: **ab260011** IP in NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate

Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (**ab172730**) instead of **ab260011** in NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDm/TBST.

Exposure time: 3 minutes.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab260011**).

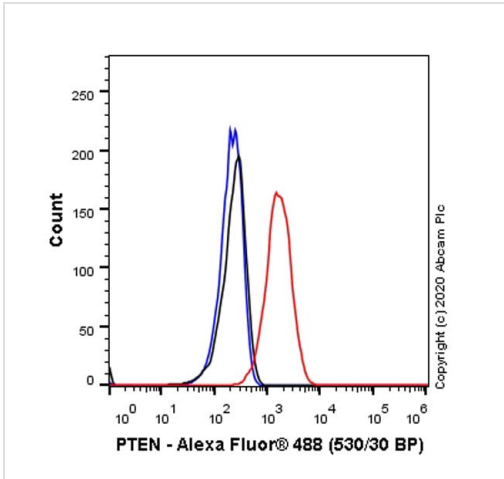


Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-PTEN antibody
[EPR23729-4] - BSA and Azide free (ab273629)

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde fixed, 90% methanol permeabilized NIH/3T3 (Mouse embryonic fibroblast) cells labelling PTEN with **ab260011** at 1/60 dilution (1ug) (Red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (**ab172730**) (Black) isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue).

A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor[®]488, **ab150077**) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab260011**).

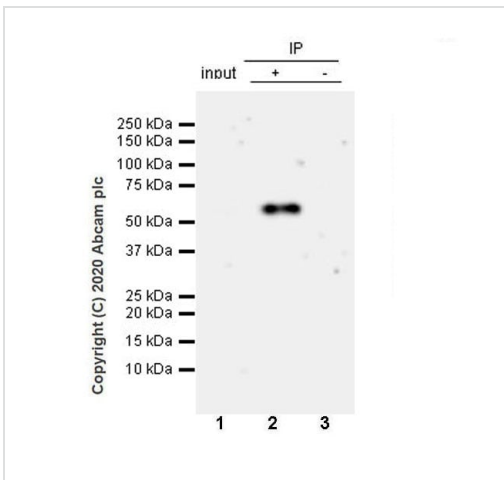


Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR23729-4] - BSA and Azide free (ab273629)

Intracellular flow cytometric analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde fixed 90% methanol permeabilized MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) cells labelling PTEN with **ab260011** at 1/60 dilution (1ug) (Red) compared with a Rabbit monoclonal IgG (**ab172730**) (Black) isotype control and an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody) (Blue).

A Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor®488, **ab150077**) at 1/2000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab260011**).



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR23729-4] - BSA and Azide free (ab273629)

PTEN was immunoprecipitated from 0.35 mg MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell), whole cell lysate with **ab260011** at 1/30 dilution (2ug in 0.35mg lysates). Western blot was performed on the immunoprecipitate using **ab260011** at 1/1000 dilution. VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP)(**ab131366**) was used at 1/5000 dilution.

Lane 1: MCF7 (human breast adenocarcinoma epithelial cell), whole cell lysate 10 ug

Lane 2: **ab260011** IP in MCF7 whole cell lysate

Lane 3: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (**ab172730**) instead of **ab260011** in MCF7 whole cell lysate

Blocking and dilution buffer and concentration: 5% NFDm/TBST.

Exposure time: 3 minutes.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab260011**).

Why choose a recombinant antibody?



Research with confidence
Consistent and reproducible results



Long-term and scalable supply
Recombinant technology



Success from the first experiment
Confirmed specificity



Ethical standards compliant
Animal-free production

Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR23729-4] - BSA and Azide free (ab273629)

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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