abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-Pyrin (phospho S205) antibody [EPR19567] ab201784



4 References 2 Images

Overview

Product name Anti-Pyrin (phospho S205) antibody [EPR19567]

Description Rabbit monoclonal [EPR19567] to Pyrin (phospho S205)

Host species Rabbit

Tested applications Suitable for: WB

Species reactivity Reacts with: Mouse

Immunogen Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.

Positive control WB: DC2.4 whole cell lysate expressing Pyrin (MEFV).

General notesThis product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility

- Improved sensitivity and specificity

- Long-term security of supply

- Animal-free production

For more information see here.

Our RabMAb[®] technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb**[®] **patents**.

Properties

Form Liquid

Storage instructions Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long

term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Storage buffer pH: 7.2

Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide

Constituents: 59% PBS, 0.05% BSA, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine)

Purity Protein A purified

ClonalityMonoclonalClone numberEPR19567

Isotype IgG

1

Applications

The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise quarantee** covers the use of ab201784 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		1/1000. Detects a band of approximately 110 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 86 kDa).

T	ar	g	е	t

Function

 $\label{probably controls the inflammatory response in myelomonocytic cells at the level of the} Probably controls the inflammatory response in myelomonocytic cells at the level of the probably controls the inflammatory response in myelomonocytic cells at the level of the probably controls the inflammatory response in myelomonocytic cells at the level of the probably controls the probably controls the inflammatory response in myelomonocytic cells at the level of the probably controls the probably control of the probably controls the probably control of the probab$

cytoskeleton organization.

Tissue specificity

Expressed in peripheral blood leukocytes, particularly in mature granulocytes and to a lesser extent in monocytes but not in lymphocytes. Detected in spleen, lung and muscle, probably as a result of leukocyte infiltration in these tissues. Not expressed in thymus, prostate, testis, ovary, small intestine, colon, heart, brain, placenta, liver, kidney, pancreas. Expression detected in several myeloid leukemic, colon cancer, and prostate cancer cell lines.

Involvement in disease

Defects in MEFV are the cause of familial Mediterranean fever autosomal recessive (ARFMF) [MIM:249100]. ARFMF is an inherited disorder characterized by recurrent episodic fever, serosal inflammation and pain in the abdomen, chest or joints. ARFMF is frequently complicated by amyloidosis, which leads to renal failure and can be prophylactically treated with colchicine. ARFMF primarily affects ancestral ethnic groups living around the Mediterranean basin: North African Jews, Armenians, Arabs and Turks. The disease is also distributed in other populations including Greeks, Cypriots, Italians and Spanish, although at a lower prevalence.

Defects in MEFV are the cause of familial Mediterranean fever autosomal dominant (ADFMF) [MIM:134610]. ADFMF is characterized by periodic fever, serosal inflammation and pain in the abdomen, chest or joints as seen also in the autosomal recessive form of the disease. It is associated with renal amyloidosis and characterized by colchicine unresponsiveness.

Sequence similarities

Contains 1 B box-type zinc finger.
Contains 1 B30.2/SPRY domain.
Contains 1 DAPIN domain.

Developmental stage

First detected in bone marrow promyelocytes. Expression increases throughout myelocyte

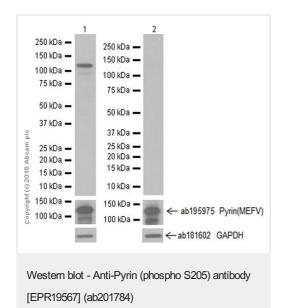
differentiation and peaks in the mature myelomonocytic cells.

Cellular localization

Nucleus and Cytoplasm > cytoskeleton. Associated with microtubules and with the filamentous

actin of perinuclear filaments and peripheral lamellar ruffles.

Images



All lanes : Anti-Pyrin (phospho S205) antibody [EPR19567] (ab201784) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : Cell lysate of DC2.4 (Mouse immature dendritic cell line) expressing mPyrin (MEFV)

Lane 2: Cell lysate of DC2.4 (Mouse immature dendritic cell line) expressing mPyrin (MEFV) and mPyrin (MEFV) is dephosphorylated by stimulation with TcdA

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes : Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG H&L (HRP) (<u>ab97051</u>) at 1/20000 dilution

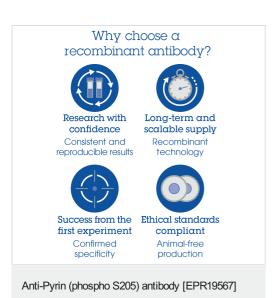
Predicted band size: 86 kDa

Observed band size: 110 kDa

Exposure time: 1 second

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

The lysates were kindly provided by our collaborator Dr Feng Shao's lab, NIBS.



Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

• Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

- · Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- · We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit https://www.abcam.com/abpromise or contact our technical team.

Terms and conditions

(ab201784)

· Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors