

## Product datasheet

### Anti-TRF2 antibody [EPR3518(2)] ab108932

Recombinant RabMAb

2 Images

#### Overview

<b>Product name</b>	Anti-TRF2 antibody [EPR3518(2)]
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit monoclonal [EPR3518(2)] to TRF2
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Tested applications</b>	<b>Suitable for:</b> WB <b>Unsuitable for:</b> ICC/IF or IHC-P
<b>Species reactivity</b>	<b>Reacts with:</b> Human
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.
<b>Positive control</b>	Jurkat and NAMALWA cell lysates
<b>General notes</b>	<p>This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility</li> <li>- Improved sensitivity and specificity</li> <li>- Long-term security of supply</li> <li>- Animal-free production</li> </ul> <p>For more information <a href="#">see here</a>.</p> <p>Our RabMAb<sup>®</sup> technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to <a href="#">RabMAb<sup>®</sup> patents</a>.</p> <p>Mouse, Rat: We have preliminary internal testing data to indicate this antibody may not react with these species. Please contact us for more information.</p>

#### Properties

<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage instructions</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long term.
<b>Storage buffer</b>	<p>pH: 7.20</p> <p>Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide</p> <p>Constituents: 9% PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA, 50% Tissue culture supernatant</p>
<b>Purity</b>	Tissue culture supernatant

<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone number</b>	EPR3518(2)
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG

## Applications

**The Abpromise guarantee** Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab108932 in the following tested applications. The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		1/1000 - 1/10000. Predicted molecular weight: 56 kDa.

**Application notes** Is unsuitable for ICC/IF or IHC-P.

## Target

**Function** Binds the telomeric double-stranded 5'-TTAGGG-3' repeat and plays a central role in telomere maintenance and protection against end-to-end fusion of chromosomes. In addition to its telomeric DNA-binding role, required to recruit a number of factors and enzymes required for telomere protection, including the shelterin complex, TERF2IP/RAP1 and DCLRE1B/Apollo. Component of the shelterin complex (telosome) that is involved in the regulation of telomere length and protection. Shelterin associates with arrays of double-stranded 5'-TTAGGG-3' repeats added by telomerase and protects chromosome ends; without its protective activity, telomeres are no longer hidden from the DNA damage surveillance and chromosome ends are inappropriately processed by DNA repair pathways. Together with DCLRE1B/Apollo, plays a key role in telomeric loop (T loop) formation by generating 3' single-stranded overhang at the leading end telomeres: T loops have been proposed to protect chromosome ends from degradation and repair. Required both to recruit DCLRE1B/Apollo to telomeres and activate the exonuclease activity of DCLRE1B/Apollo. Preferentially binds to positive supercoiled DNA. Together with DCLRE1B/Apollo, required to control the amount of DNA topoisomerase (TOP1, TOP2A and TOP2B) needed for telomere replication during fork passage and prevent aberrant telomere topology. Recruits TERF2IP/RAP1 to telomeres, thereby participating in to repressing homology-directed repair (HDR), which can affect telomere length.

**Tissue specificity** Ubiquitous. Highly expressed in spleen, thymus, prostate, uterus, testis, small intestine, colon and peripheral blood leukocytes.

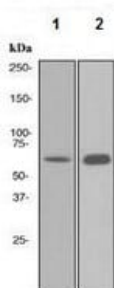
**Sequence similarities** Contains 1 HTH myb-type DNA-binding domain.

**Domain** The TRFH dimerization region mediates the interaction with DCLRE1B/Apollo but not TIN2.

**Post-translational modifications** Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.

**Cellular localization** Nucleus. Chromosome > telomere. Colocalizes with telomeric DNA in interphase cells and is located at chromosome ends during metaphase.

## Images



Western blot - Anti-TRF2 antibody [EPR3518(2)] (ab108932)

**All lanes** : Anti-TRF2 antibody [EPR3518(2)] (ab108932) at 1/1000 dilution

**Lane 1** : Jurkat cell lysate

**Lane 2** : NAMALWA cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

**Predicted band size:** 56 kDa

### Why choose a recombinant antibody?



**Research with confidence**  
Consistent and reproducible results



**Long-term and scalable supply**  
Recombinant technology



**Success from the first experiment**  
Confirmed specificity



**Ethical standards compliant**  
Animal-free production

Anti-TRF2 antibody [EPR3518(2)] (ab108932)

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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