

## Product datasheet

# Anti-Von Hippel Lindau/VHL antibody [EPR24354-128] ab270968

Recombinant RabMAb

[2 Images](#)

### Overview

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<b>Product name</b>	Anti-Von Hippel Lindau/VHL antibody [EPR24354-128]
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit monoclonal [EPR24354-128] to Von Hippel Lindau/VHL
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Tested applications</b>	<b>Suitable for:</b> WB <b>Unsuitable for:</b> Flow Cyt (Intra), ICC/IF, IHC-P or IP
<b>Species reactivity</b>	<b>Reacts with:</b> Human
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant fragment. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.
<b>Positive control</b>	WB: Jurkat, HeLa, CCRF-CEM and 293T lysates.
<b>General notes</b>	<p>This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility</li><li>- Improved sensitivity and specificity</li><li>- Long-term security of supply</li><li>- Animal-free production</li></ul> <p>For more information <a href="#">see here</a>.</p> <p>Our RabMAb<sup>®</sup> technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to <a href="#">RabMAb<sup>®</sup> patents</a>.</p>

### Properties

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<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage instructions</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
<b>Storage buffer</b>	pH: 7.2 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: 59.94% PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
<b>Purity</b>	Protein A purified
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone number</b>	EPR24354-128

Isotype

IgG

## Applications

### The Abpromise guarantee

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of ab270968 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Application	Abreviews	Notes
WB		1/1000. Predicted molecular weight: 24 kDa.

### Application notes

Is unsuitable for Flow Cyt (Intra), ICC/IF, IHC-P or IP.

## Target

### Function

Involved in the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation via the von Hippel-Lindau ubiquitination complex. Seems to act as target recruitment subunit in the E3 ubiquitin ligase complex and recruits hydroxylated hypoxia-inducible factor (HIF) under normoxic conditions. Involved in transcriptional repression through interaction with HIF1A, HIF1AN and histone deacetylases.

### Tissue specificity

Expressed in the adult and fetal brain and kidney.

### Pathway

Protein modification; protein ubiquitination.

### Involvement in disease

Defects in VHL are a cause of susceptibility to pheochromocytoma (PCC) [MIM:171300]. A catecholamine-producing tumor of chromaffin tissue of the adrenal medulla or sympathetic paraganglia. The cardinal symptom, reflecting the increased secretion of epinephrine and norepinephrine, is hypertension, which may be persistent or intermittent.

Defects in VHL are the cause of von Hippel-Lindau disease (VHLD) [MIM:193300]. VHLD is a dominantly inherited familial cancer syndrome characterized by the development of retinal angiomas, cerebellar and spinal hemangioblastoma, renal cell carcinoma (RCC), pheochromocytoma and pancreatic tumors. VHL type 1 is without pheochromocytoma, type 2 is with pheochromocytoma. VHL type 2 is further subdivided into types 2A (pheochromocytoma, retinal angioma, and hemangioblastomas without renal cell carcinoma and pancreatic cyst) and 2B (pheochromocytoma, retinal angioma, and hemangioblastomas with renal cell carcinoma and pancreatic cyst). VHL type 2C refers to patients with isolated pheochromocytoma without hemangioblastoma or renal cell carcinoma. The estimated incidence is 3/100000 births per year and penetrance is 97% by age 60 years.

Defects in VHL are the cause of erythrocytosis familial type 2 (ECYT2) [MIM:263400]; also called VHL-dependent polycythemia or Chuvash type polycythemia. ECYT2 is an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by an increase in serum red blood cell mass, hypersensitivity of erythroid progenitors to erythropoietin, increased erythropoietin serum levels, and normal oxygen affinity. Patients with ECYT2 carry a high risk for peripheral thrombosis and cerebrovascular events.

Defects in VHL are a cause of renal cell carcinoma (RCC) [MIM:144700]. Renal cell carcinoma is a heterogeneous group of sporadic or hereditary carcinoma derived from cells of the proximal renal tubular epithelium. It is subclassified into clear cell renal carcinoma (non-papillary carcinoma), papillary renal cell carcinoma, chromophobe renal cell carcinoma, collecting duct carcinoma with medullary carcinoma of the kidney, and unclassified renal cell carcinoma.

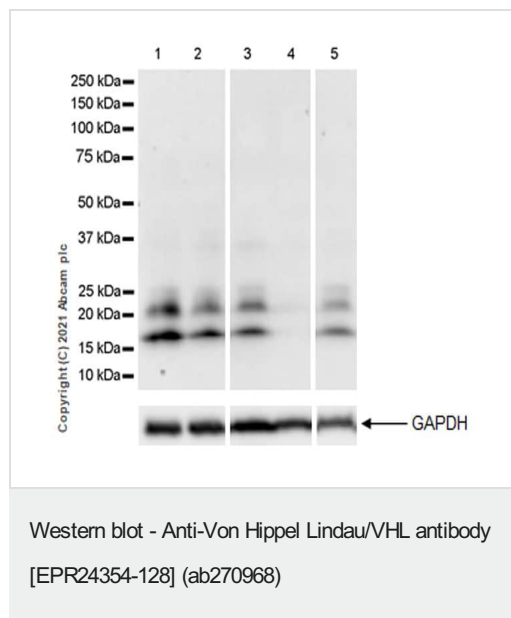
### Domain

The Elongin BC complex binding domain is also known as BC-box with the consensus [APST]-L-x(3)-C-x(3)-[AILV].

## Cellular localization

Cytoplasm. Membrane. Nucleus. Found predominantly in the cytoplasm and with less amounts nuclear or membrane-associated and Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Equally distributed between the nucleus and the cytoplasm but not membrane-associated.

## Images



**All lanes** : Anti-Von Hippel Lindau/VHL antibody [EPR24354-128] (ab270968) at 1/1000 dilution

**Lane 1** : Jurkat (human T cell leukemia cell line from peripheral blood) whole cell lysate

**Lane 2** : HeLa (human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate

**Lane 3** : CCRF-CEM (human T cell lymphoblast cell line) whole cell lysate

**Lane 4** : 786-O (human kidney renal cell adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysate

**Lane 5** : 293T (human embryonic kidney epithelial cell) whole cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 40 µg per lane.

### Secondary

**All lanes** : Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (**ab97051**) at 1/20000 dilution (Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated)

**Predicted band size:** 24 kDa

**Observed band size:** 19,24 kDa

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDm/TBST

The antibody recognizes both the long and the short isoforms with molecular weights of 24kDa and 19kDa.

Negative control: 786-O (PMID:9370235)

Exposure time: 48 seconds.

### Why choose a recombinant antibody?



**Research with confidence**  
Consistent and reproducible results



**Long-term and scalable supply**  
Recombinant technology



**Success from the first experiment**  
Confirmed specificity



**Ethical standards compliant**  
Animal-free production

Anti-Von Hippel Lindau/VHL antibody [EPR24354-128] (ab270968)

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

### Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

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- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit <https://www.abcam.com/abpromise> or contact our technical team.

### Terms and conditions

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