abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human ASIC3 protein ab126012

Description

Product name Recombinant Human ASIC3 protein

Purity > 90 % SDS-PAGE.

Purified via His tag

Expression system Escherichia coli

Accession P78348

Protein length Protein fragment

Animal free No

Nature Recombinant

Species Human
Predicted molecular weight 25 kDa
Amino acids 83 to 301

Specifications

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab126012 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications SDS-PAGE

Form Lyophilized

Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C.

Constituents: 0.32% Tris HCI, 0.58% Sodium chloride

Reconstitution Reconstitute with water to desired concentration.

General Info

Function Cation channel with high affinity for sodium, which is gated by extracellular protons and inhibited

by the diuretic amiloride. Generates a biphasic current with a fast inactivating and a slow sustained phase. In sensory neurons is proposed to mediate the pain induced by acidosis that occurs in ischemic, damaged or inflamed tissue. May be involved in hyperalgesia. May play a role

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in mechanoreception. Heteromeric channel assembly seems to modulate channel properties.

Tissue specificity Expressed by sensory neurons. Strongly expressed in brain, spinal chord, lung, lymph nodes,

kidney, pituitary, heart and testis.

Sequence similarities Belongs to the amiloride-sensitive sodium channel (TC 1.A.6) family. ACCN3 subfamily.

Developmental stage Expressed in fetal tissues, expression increases in lung and kidney adult tissues.

DomainThe PDZ domain-binding motif is involved in interaction with LIN7A, GOPC and MAGI1.

Post-translational Phosphorylated by PKA. Phosphorylated by PKC. In vitro, PRKCABP/PICK-1 is necessary for

PKC phosphorylation and activation of a ACCN3/ASIC3-ACCN1/ASIC2b channel, but does not

activate a homomeric ACCN3 channel.

Cellular localization Cell membrane. Cytoplasm. Cell surface expression may be stabilized by interaction with LIN7B

and cytoplasmic retention by interaction with DLG4. In part cytoplasmic in cochlea cells.

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modifications

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