abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human EEF2/Elongation factor 2 protein (denatured) ab183170

1 Image

Description

Product name Recombinant Human EEF2/Elongation factor 2 protein (denatured)

Purity > 90 % SDS-PAGE.

Expression system Escherichia coli

Accession P13639

Protein length Protein fragment

Animal free No

Nature Recombinant

Species Human

Sequence MGSSHHHHHHSSGLVPRGSHMGSDPVVSYRETVSEESN

VLCLSKSPNKHN

RLYMKARPFPDGLAEDIDKGEVSARQELKQRARYLAEKY

EWDVAEARKIW

CFGPDGTGPNILTDITKGVQYLNEIKDSVVAGFQWATKEG

ALCEENMRGV

RFDVHDVTLHADAIHRGGGQIIPTARRCLYASVLTAQPRLM

EPIYLVEIQ

CPEQVVGGIYGVLNRKRGHVFEESQVAGTPMFVVKAYLP

VNESFGFTADL

RSNTGGQAFPQCVFDHWQILPGDPFDNSSRPSQVVAET

RKRKGLKEGIPA LDNFLDKL

Predicted molecular weight 34 kDa including tags

Amino acids 574 to 858

Tags His tag N-Terminus

Additional sequence information NP 001952

Specifications

Our <u>Abpromise guarantee</u> covers the use of ab183170 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

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Applications SDS-PAGE

Form Liquid

Additional notes This product was previously labelled as EEF2

Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -

80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

pH: 8.00

Constituents: 10% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.32% Tris HCl, 2.4% Urea

General Info

Function Catalyzes the GTP-dependent ribosomal translocation step during translation elongation. During

this step, the ribosome changes from the pre-translocational (PRE) to the post-translocational (POST) state as the newly formed A-site-bound peptidyl-tRNA and P-site-bound deacylated tRNA move to the P and E sites, respectively. Catalyzes the coordinated movement of the two tRNA

molecules, the mRNA and conformational changes in the ribosome.

Sequence similaritiesBelongs to the GTP-binding elongation factor family. EF-G/EF-2 subfamily.

Post-translational Phosphorylation by EF-2 kinase completely inactivates EF-2.

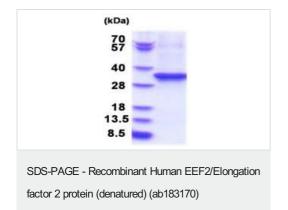
modifications Diphthamide is 2-[3-carboxyamido-3-(trimethyl-ammonio)propyl]histidine. Diphthamide can be

ADP-ribosylated by diphtheria toxin and by Pseudomonas exotoxin A, thus arresting protein

synthesis. ISGylated.

Cellular localization Cytoplasm.

Images



15% SDS-PAGE analysis of ab183170 (3 μ g).

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