

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human hCG receptor/LHR protein (His tag) ab267899

1 Image

Description

Product name	Recombinant Human hCG receptor/LHR protein (His tag)	
Purity	> 90 % SDS-PAGE. NULL	
Expression system	Mammalian	
Accession	<u>P22888</u>	
Protein length	Protein fragment	
Animal free	No	
Nature	Recombinant	
Species	Human	
Sequence		EALCPEPCNCVPDGALRCPGPTAGLTRLSLAYLPVKVIPS QAFRGLNEVI KIEISQIDSLERIEANAFDNLLNLSEILIQNTKNLRYIEPGAFIN LPRLK YLSICNTGIRKFPDVTKVFSSESNFILEICDNLHITTIPGNAFQ GMNNES VTLKLYGNGFEEVQSHAFNGTTLTSLELKENVHLEKMHNG AFRGATGPKT LDISSTKLQALPSYGLESIQRLIATSSYSLKKLPSRETFVNLL EATLTYP SHCCAFRNLPTKEQNFSHSISENFSKQCESTVRKVNNKTL YSSMLAESEL SGWDYEYGFCLPKTPRCAPEPDAFNPCEDIMGYDFLR
Predicted molecular weight	42 kDa including tags	
Amino acids	27 to 363	
Tags	His tag N-Terminus	
Additional sequence information	Extracellular domain.	

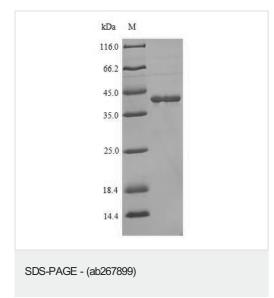
Specifications

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab267899 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications	SDS-PAGE	
Form	Liquid	
Preparation and Storage		
Stability and Storage	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or - 80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. pH: 7.2	
	Constituents: PBS, 6% Trehalose	
General Info		
Function	Receptor for lutropin-choriogonadotropic hormone. The activity of this receptor is mediated by G proteins which activate adenylate cyclase.	
Tissue specificity	Gonadal and thyroid cells.	
Involvement in disease	Defects in LHCGR are a cause of familial male precocious puberty (FMPP) [MIM:176410]; also known as testotoxicosis. In FMPP the receptor is constitutively activated. Defects in LHCGR are the cause of luteinizing hormone resistance (LHR) [MIM:238320]; also known as Leydig cell hypoplasia in males. LHR is an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by unresponsiveness to luteinizing hormone, defective sexual development in males, and defective follicular development and ovulation, amenorrhea and infertility in females. Two forms of the disorder have been defined in males. Type 1 is a severe form characterized by complete 46,XY male pseudohermaphroditism, low testosterone and high luteinizing hormone levels, total lack of responsiveness to luteinizing and chorionic gonadotropin hormones, lack of breast development, and absent development of secondary male sex characteristics. Type 2, a milder form, displays a broader range of phenotypic expression ranging from micropenis to severe hypospadias.	
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family. FSH/LSH/TSH subfamily. Contains 6 LRR (leucine-rich) repeats. Contains 1 LRRNT domain.	

Images



SDS-PAGE analysis of ab267899 under reducing conditions.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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