abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human Neurofilament heavy polypeptide protein ab158986

1 Image

Description

Product name Recombinant Human Neurofilament heavy polypeptide protein

Expression system Wheat germ

Protein length Protein fragment

Animal free No

Nature Recombinant

Species Human

Sequence LKCDVTSALREIRAQLEGHAVQSTLQSEEWFRVRLDRLS

EAAKVNTDAMR

SAQEEITEYRRQLQARTTELEALKSTKDSLERQRSELEDR

HQADIASYQE A

Amino acids 263 to 363

Tags GST tag N-Terminus

Specifications

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab158986 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications Western blot

ELISA

Form Liquid

Additional notes

Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage Shipped on dry ice. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

pH: 8.00

Constituents: 0.31% Glutathione, 0.79% Tris HCI

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General Info

Function Neurofilaments usually contain three intermediate filament proteins: L, M, and H which are

involved in the maintenance of neuronal caliber. NF-H has an important function in mature axons

that is not subserved by the two smaller NF proteins.

Involvement in disease Defects in NEFH are a cause of susceptibility to amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)

> [MIM:105400]. ALS is a neurodegenerative disorder affecting upper and lower motor neurons, and resulting in fatal paralysis. Sensory abnormalities are absent. Death usually occurs within 2 to 5 years. The etiology is likely to be multifactorial, involving both genetic and environmental factors.

Sequence similarities Belongs to the intermediate filament family.

Post-translational There are a number of repeats of the tripeptide K-S-P, NFH is phosphorylated on a number of the modifications

serines in this motif. It is thought that phosphorylation of NFH results in the formation of interfilament cross bridges that are important in the maintenance of axonal caliber. Phosphorylation seems to play a major role in the functioning of the larger neurofilament

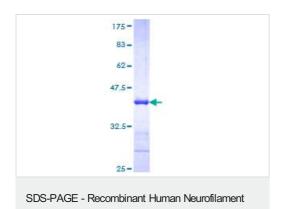
polypeptides (NF-M and NF-H), the levels of phosphorylation being altered developmentally and

coincident with a change in the neurofilament function.

Phosphorylated in the Head and Rod regions by the PKC kinase PKN1, leading to inhibit

polymerization.

Images



heavy polypeptide protein (ab158986)

ab158986 on a 12.5% SDS-PAGE stained with Coomassie Blue.

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