abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human p21 protein (denatured) ab134524

1 Image

Description

Product name Recombinant Human p21 protein (denatured)

Purity > 85 % SDS-PAGE.

Expression system Escherichia coli

Accession P38936

Protein length Full length protein

Animal free No

Nature Recombinant

Species Human

Sequence MGSSHHHHHHSSGLVPRGSHMSEPAGDVRQNPCGSKA

CRRLFGPVDSEQL

SRDCDALMAGCIQEARERWNFDFVTETPLEGDFAWERV

RGLGLPKLYLPT

GPRRGRDELGGGRRPGTSPALLQGTAEEDHVDLSLSCTL

VPRSGEQAEGS

PGGPGDSQGRKRRQTSMTDFYHSKRRLIFSKRKP

Predicted molecular weight 20 kDa including tags

Amino acids 1 to 164

Tags His tag N-Terminus

Description Recombinant Human p21 protein

Specifications

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of **ab134524** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications SDS-PAGE

Form Liquid

Preparation and Storage

1

Stability and Storage

Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

pH: 8.00

 $Constituents: 12.01\%\ Urea, 0.32\%\ Tris\ HCI, 10\%\ Glycerol\ (glycerin, glycerine), 0.58\%\ Sodium$

chloride

General Info

Function

May be the important intermediate by which p53/TP53 mediates its role as an inhibitor of cellular proliferation in response to DNA damage. Binds to and inhibits cyclin-dependent kinase activity, preventing phosphorylation of critical cyclin-dependent kinase substrates and blocking cell cycle progression. Functions in the nuclear localization and assembly of cyclin D-CDK4 complex and promotes its kinase activity towards RB1. At higher stoichiometric ratios, inhibits the kinase activity of the cyclin D-CDK4 complex.

Tissue specificity

Expressed in all adult human tissues, with 5-fold lower levels observed in the brain.

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the CDI family.

Domain

The PIP-box K+4 motif mediates both the interaction with PCNA and the recuitment of the DCX(DTL) complex: while the PIP-box interacts with PCNA, the presence of the K+4 submotif, recruits the DCX(DTL) complex, leading to its ubiquitination.

The C-terminal is required for nuclear localization of the cyclin D-CDK4 complex.

recruit the DCX(DTL) complex, leading to its degradation.

Post-translational modifications

Phosphorylation of Thr-145 by Akt or of Ser-146 by PKC impairs binding to PCNA.

Phosphorylation at Ser-114 by GSK3-beta enhances ubiquitination by the DCX(DTL) complex. Ubiquitinated by MKRN1; leading to polyubiquitination and 26S proteasome-dependent degradation. Ubiquitinated by the DCX(DTL) complex, also named CRL4(CDT2) complex, leading to its degradation during S phase or following UV irradiation. Ubiquitination by the DCX(DTL) complex is essential to control replication licensing and is PCNA-dependent: interacts with PCNA via its PIP-box, while the presence of the containing the 'K+4' motif in the PIP box,

Cellular localization

Cytoplasm. Nucleus.

Images



15% SDS-PAGE analysis of 3 µg ab134524.

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