

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human PAH protein ab159048

★★★★☆ [1 Abreviews](#) [1 Image](#)

Description

Product name	Recombinant Human PAH protein	
Expression system	Wheat germ	
Protein length	Full length protein	
Animal free	No	
Nature	Recombinant	
Species	Human	
Sequence	<p>MSTAVLENPGLGRKLSDFGQETSYIEDNCNQNGAISLIFSL KEEVGALAK VLRLFEENDVNLTHIESRPSRLKKDEYEFFTHLDKRSLPAL TNIKILRH DIGATVHELSDKDKKDTVPWFPRTIQELDRFANQILSYGAE LDADHPGFK DPVYRARRKQFADIAYNRHGQPIPRVEYMEEGKKTWGTV FKTLKSLYKT HACYEYNHIFP LLEKYCGFHEDNIPQLEDV SQFLQTCTGFR LRPVAGLLS SRDFLGGLAFRVFHCTQYIRHGSKPMYTPEDICHELLGH VPLFSDRSFA QFSQEIGLASLGAPDEYIEKLATIWFTVEFGLCKQGDSIKA YGAGLLSS FGELQYCLSEKPKLLPLELEKTAIQNYTVTEFQPLYVAES FNDAKEKVR NFAATIPRPFVRYDPYTRIEVLDNTQQLKILADSINSEIGIL CSALQK IK</p>	
Amino acids	1 to 452	
Tags	GST tag N-Terminus	

Specifications

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of **ab159048** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications	Western blot
	ELISA

Form Liquid

Additional notes

Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage Shipped on dry ice. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
pH: 8.00
Constituents: 0.31% Glutathione, 0.79% Tris HCl

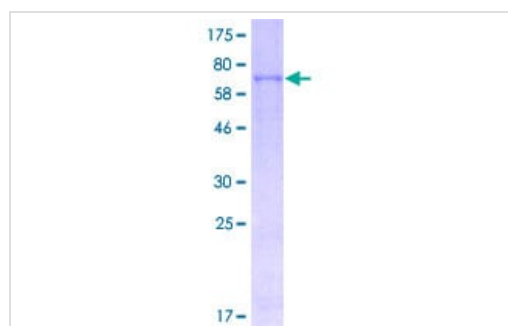
General Info

Pathway Amino-acid degradation; L-phenylalanine degradation; acetoacetate and fumarate from L-phenylalanine: step 1/6.

Involvement in disease Defects in PAH are the cause of phenylketonuria (PKU) [MIM:261600]. PKU is an autosomal recessive inborn error of phenylalanine metabolism, due to severe phenylalanine hydroxylase deficiency. It is characterized by blood concentrations of phenylalanine persistently above 1200 μmol (normal concentration 100 μmol) which usually causes mental retardation (unless low phenylalanine diet is introduced early in life). They tend to have light pigmentation, rashes similar to eczema, epilepsy, extreme hyperactivity, psychotic states and an unpleasant 'mousy' odor. Defects in PAH are the cause of non-phenylketonuria hyperphenylalaninemia (Non-PKU HPA) [MIM:261600]. Non-PKU HPA is a mild form of phenylalanine hydroxylase deficiency characterized by phenylalanine levels persistently below 600 μmol , which allows normal intellectual and behavioral development without treatment. Non-PKU HPA is usually caused by the combined effect of a mild hyperphenylalaninemia mutation and a severe one. Defects in PAH are the cause of hyperphenylalaninemia (HPA) [MIM:261600]. HPA is the mildest form of phenylalanine hydroxylase deficiency.

Sequence similarities Belongs to the bipterin-dependent aromatic amino acid hydroxylase family.
Contains 1 ACT domain.

Images



ab159048 on a 12.5% SDS-PAGE stained with Coomassie Blue.

SDS-PAGE - Recombinant Human PAH protein
(ab159048)

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