# abcam

# Product datasheet

# Recombinant Human PEA15 protein ab172828

**Description** 

Product name Recombinant Human PEA15 protein

Purity > 95 % SDS-PAGE.

ab172828 is greater than 95% pure, as determined by SEC-HPLC and reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin level < 1.000 Eu/μg
Expression system Escherichia coli

Accession Q15121

Protein length Full length protein

Animal free No

Nature Recombinant

**Species** Human

**Sequence** GSHMAEYGTLLQDLTNNITLEDLEQLKSACKEDIPSEKSEE

**ITTGSAWFS** 

FLESHNKLDKDNLSYIEHIFEISRRPDLLTMVVDYRTRVLKIS EEDELDT KLTRIPSAKKYKDIIRQPSEEEIIKLAPPPKKA

Predicted molecular weight 15 kDa

Amino acids 1 to 130

**Specifications** 

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab172828 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

**Applications** SDS-PAGE

**HPLC** 

Form Liquid

**Preparation and Storage** 

**Stability and Storage** Shipped on Dry Ice. Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

pH: 7.40

Constituent: 100% PBS

Supplied as a 0.2 µM filtered solution

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#### **General Info**

| Function  Tissue specificity     | Blocks Ras-mediated inhibition of integrin activation and modulates the ERK MAP kinase cascade. Inhibits RPS6KA3 activities by retaining it in the cytoplasm (By similarity). Inhibits both TNFRSF6- and TNFRSF1A-mediated CASP8 activity and apoptosis. Regulates glucose transport by controlling both the content of SLC2A1 glucose transporters on the plasma membrane and the insulin-dependent trafficking of SLC2A4 from the cell interior to the surface.  Ubiquitously expressed. Most abundant in tissues such as heart, brain, muscle and adipose tissue which utilize glucose as an energy source. Lower expression in glucose-producing tissues. |
|----------------------------------|---|
|                                  | Higher levels of expression are found in tissues from individuals with type 2 diabetes than in controls.  |
| Sequence similarities            | Contains 1 DED (death effector) domain.   |
| Post-translational modifications | Phosphorylated by protein kinase C and calcium-calmodulin-dependent protein kinase. These phosphorylation events are modulated by neurotransmitters or hormones.  |
| Cellular localization            | Cytoplasm. Associated with microtubules.  |

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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