abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human RAB29 protein ab160266

1 Image

Description

Product name Recombinant Human RAB29 protein

Expression system Wheat germ

Protein length Full length protein

Animal free No

Nature Recombinant

Species Human

Sequence MGSRDHLFKVLVVGDAAVGKTSLVQRYSQDSFSKHYKST

VGVDFALKVLQ

WSDYEIVRLQLWDIAGQERFTSMTRLYYRDASACVIMFDV

TNATTFSNSQ

RWKQDLDSKLTLPNGEPVPCLLLANKCDLSPWAVSRDQI

DRFSKENGFTG

WTETSVKENKNINEAMRVLIEKMMRNSTEDIMSLSTQGDYI

NLQTKSSSW SCC

Amino acids 1 to 203

Tags GST tag N-Terminus

Specifications

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab160266 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications ELISA

Western blot

Form Liquid

Additional notes

Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage Shipped on dry ice. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

pH: 8.00

1

General Info

Function

Rab GTPase key regulator in vesicle trafficking. Essential for maintaining the integrity of the endosome-trans-Golgi network structure. Together with LRRK2, plays a role in the retrograde trafficking pathway for recycling proteins, such as mannose 6 phosphate receptor (M6PR), between lysosomes and the Golgi apparatus in a retromer-dependent manner. Regulates neuronal process morphology in the intact central nervous system (CNS). May play a role in the formation of typhoid toxin transport intermediates during Salmonella enterica serovar Typhi (S.Typhi) epithelial cell infection.

Tissue specificity

Ubiquitous.

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the small GTPase superfamily. Rab family.

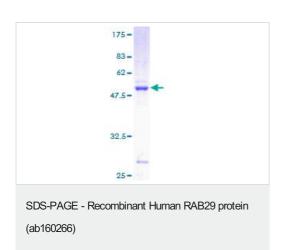
Post-translational modifications

In case of Salmonella enterica serovar Typhimurium (S.Typhimurium) infection, is proteolytically cleaved between Gly-41 and Val-42 by the GtgE viral protease encoded on the Gifsy-2 lysogen bacteriophage, which therefore prevents the recruitment of RAB29 to S.Typhimurium-containing vacuoles. In contrast, no proteolytically cleavage is detected in S.Typhi-infected cells (PubMed:22042847).

Cellular localization

Cell membrane. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Golgi apparatus. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network. Vacuole. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Colocalizes with LRRK2 along tubular structures emerging from Golgi apparatus (By similarity). Colocalizes with GM130 at the Golgi apparatus. Colocalizes with dynamic tubules emerging from and retracting to the Golgi apparatus. Colocalizes with TGN46 at the trans-Golgi network (TGN). In Salmonella enterica serovar Typhi (S.Typhi) infected epithelial cells, is recruited and colocalized with both S.Typhi-containing vacuoles and dynamic tubules as well as those emerging from the vacuole toward the cell periphery.

Images



ab160266 on a 12.5% SDS-PAGE stained with Coomassie Blue.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- · Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit https://www.abcam.com/abpromise or contact our technical team.

Terms and conditions

• Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors