abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human SLAM / CD150 protein ab151342

Description

Product name Recombinant Human SLAM / CD150 protein

Purity > 95 % SDS-PAGE.

Purity is greater than 95% as determined by SEC-HPLC and reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin level < 1.000 Eu/µg
Expression system HEK 293 cells

Accession Q13291

Protein length Protein fragment

Animal free No

Nature Recombinant

Species Human

Sequence ASYGTGGRMMNCPKILRQLGSKVLLPLTYERINKSMNKSIHI

VVTMAKSL

ENSVENKIVSLDPSEAGPPRYLGDRYKFYLENLTLGIRESR

KEDEGWYLM

TLEKNVSVQRFCLQLRLYEQVSTPEIKVLNKTQENGTCTLI

LGCTVEKGD

HVAYSWSEKAGTHPLNPANSSHLLSLTLGPQHADNIYICTV

SNPISNNSQ TFSPWPGCRTDPSETKPVDHHHHHH

Predicted molecular weight 25 kDa including tags

Amino acids 21 to 237

Tags His tag C-Terminus

Specifications

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab151342 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications SDS-PAGE

HPLC

Form Lyophilized

Preparation and Storage

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Stability and Storage Shipped at 4°C. Store at -80°C.

pH: 7.40

Constituents: 99% Phosphate Buffer, 0.88% Sodium chloride

Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the lyophilized

protein in 1X PBS. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μ g/ml. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted

samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

General Info

Function High-affinity self-ligand important in bidirectional T-cell to B-cell stimulation. SLAM-induced signal-

transduction events in T-lymphocytes are different from those in B-cells. Two modes of SLAM signaling are likely to exist: one in which the inhibitor SH2D1A acts as a negative regulator and another in which protein-tyrosine phosphatase 2C (PTPN11)-dependent signal transduction

operates.

Tissue specificity Constitutively expressed on peripheral blood memory T-cells, T-cell clones, immature thymocytes

and a proportion of B-cells, and is rapidly induced on naive T-cells after activation.

Sequence similarities Contains 1 lg-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.

Contains 1 lg-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.

Domain The most membrane-proximal SH2-binding motif interacts with SH2 domain of SH2D1A and

does not need to be phosphorylated on tyrosine residues.

Post-translational modifications

st-translational Phosphorylated by FYN.

Cellular localization Cell membrane. Present on the surface of B-cells and T-cells.

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