abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-SGK1 antibody [Y238] blocking peptide ab252410

1 Image

Description

Product name Anti-SGK1 antibody [Y238] blocking peptide

Specifications

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab252410 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Form Lyophilized

Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C.

Information available upon request.

General Info

Tissue specificity

Function Protein kinase that plays an important role in cellular stress response. Activates certain

potassium, sodium, and chloride channels, suggesting an involvement in the regulation of processes such as cell survival, neuronal excitability and renal sodium excretion. Sustained high levels and activity may contribute to conditions such as hypertension and diabetic nephropathy. Mediates cell survival signals, phosphorylates and negatively regulates pro-apoptotic FOXO3A. Phosphorylates NEDD4L, which leads to its inactivation and to the subsequent activation of various channels and transporters such as ENaC, KCNA3/Kv1.3 or EAAT1. Isoform 2 exhibited a

Expressed in most tissues with highest levels in the pancreas, followed by placenta, kidney and

lung. Isoform 2 is strongly expressed in brain and pancreas, weaker in heart, placenta, lung, liver

greater effect on cell plasma membrane expression of ENaC and Na(+) transport than isoform 1.

and skeletal muscle.

Sequence similarities Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. AGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family.

Contains 1 AGC-kinase C-terminal domain.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

Domain Isoform 2 subcellular localization at the plasma membrane is mediated by the sequences within

the first 120 amino acids.

Post-translational Regulated by phosphorylation. Phosphoinositide 3-kinase (Pl3-kinase) pathway promotes

modifications phosphorylation at Ser-422 which in turn increases the phosphorylation of Thr-256 by PDPK1.

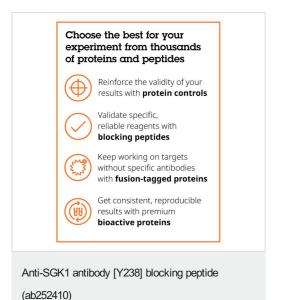
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Ubiquitinated by NEDD4L; which promotes proteasomal degradation. Ubiquitinated by SYVN1 at the endoplasmic reticulum; which promotes rapid proteasomal degradation and maintains a high turnover rate in resting cells. Isoform 2 shows enhanced stability. Isoform 2 resistance to proteasomal degradation is mediated by the sequences within the first 120-amino acid.

Cellular localization

Cell membrane and Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Endoplasmic reticulum. Nuclear, upon phosphorylation.

Images



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