

Product datasheet

Recombinant Horse Interferon gamma protein ab208975

Description

Product name	Recombinant Horse Interferon gamma protein	
Purity	> 95 % SDS-PAGE. ab208975 was purified by Ion-exchange chromatography.	
Expression system	Yeast	
Accession	P42160	
Protein length	Full length protein	
Animal free	No	
Nature	Recombinant	
Species	Equus	
Sequence	YYCQAAFFKEIENLKEYFNASNPDVGGGPLFLDILKNWK EDSDKKIIQS QV/SFYFKLFENLKDQVIQKSMPTIKEDLFAKFFNSSTSK LEDFQKLIQ IPVNDLKVQRKAISELIKVMNDLSPKANLRKRKRSQNPFRG RRALQ	
Predicted molecular weight	17 kDa	
Amino acids	21 to 166	
Additional sequence information	This product is the mature full length protein from aa 21 to 166. The signal peptide is not included.	

Specifications

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab208975** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications	SDS-PAGE
Form	Lyophilized
Additional notes	ab208975 was produced in yeast and therefore does not have endotoxin, is naturally folded, and post-translationally modified.

Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. Constituents: 10% Trehalose, 90% PBS
Reconstitution	Reconstitute with sterile Phosphate-buffered saline containing at least 0.1% carrier protein.
General Info	
Function	Produced by lymphocytes activated by specific antigens or mitogens. IFN-gamma, in addition to having antiviral activity, has important immunoregulatory functions. It is a potent activator of macrophages, it has antiproliferative effects on transformed cells and it can potentiate the antiviral and antitumor effects of the type I interferons.
Tissue specificity	Released primarily from activated T lymphocytes.
Involvement in disease	In Caucasians, genetic variation in IFNG is associated with the risk of aplastic anemia (AA) [MIM:609135]. AA is a rare disease in which the reduction of the circulating blood cells results from damage to the stem cell pool in bone marrow. In most patients, the stem cell lesion is caused by an autoimmune attack. T-lymphocytes, activated by an endogenous or exogenous, and most often unknown antigenic stimulus, secrete cytokines, including IFN-gamma, which would in turn be able to suppress hematopoiesis.
Sequence similarities	Belongs to the type II (or gamma) interferon family.
Post-translational modifications	Proteolytic processing produces C-terminal heterogeneity, with proteins ending alternatively at Gly-150, Met-157 or Gly-161.
Cellular localization	Secreted.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

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