

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human HIBCH protein ab124585

1 Image

Description

Product name	Recombinant Human HIBCH protein	
Purity	> 90 % SDS-PAGE. ab124585 is purified using conventional chromatography techniques.	
Expression system	Escherichia coli	
Accession	Q6NVY1	
Protein length	Full length protein	
Animal free	No	
Nature	Recombinant	
Species	Human	
Sequence	MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MGSMDAAEE VLLEKKGCTG VITLNRPKFL NALTLNMIRQ IYPQLKKWEQ DPETFLIIK GAGGKAFCAG GDIRVISEAE KAKQKIAPVF FREEYMLNNA VGSCQKPYVA LIHGITMGGG VGLSVHGQFR VATEKCLFAM PETAIGLFPD VGGGYFLPRL QGKLG YFLAL TGFRLKGRDV YRAGIATHFV DSEKLAMLEE DLLALKSPSK ENIASVLENY HTESKIDRDK SFILEEHMDK INSCFSANTV EEIENLQQD GSSFALEQLK VINKMSPTSL KITLRQLMEG SSKTLQEVLT MEYRLSQACM RGHDFHEGVR AVLIDKDQSP KWKPADLKEV TEEDLNNHFK SLGSSDLKF	
Predicted molecular weight	42 kDa including tags	
Amino acids	33 to 386	
Tags	His tag N-Terminus	

Specifications

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab124585** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications	SDS-PAGE Mass Spectrometry
Mass spectrometry	MALDI-TOF

Form Liquid

Preparation and Storage

Stability and Storage Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.
pH: 8.00
Constituents: 0.02% DTT, 0.32% Tris HCl, 10% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 1.17% Sodium chloride

General Info

Function Hydrolyzes 3-hydroxyisobutyryl-CoA (HIBYL-CoA), a saline catabolite. Has high activity toward isobutyryl-CoA. Could be an isobutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase that functions in valine catabolism. Also hydrolyzes 3-hydroxypropanoyl-CoA.

Tissue specificity Highly expressed in liver and kidney, also detected in heart, muscle and brain (at protein level). Not detected in lung.

Pathway Amino-acid degradation; L-valine degradation.

Involvement in disease Defects in HIBCH are the cause of HIBCH deficiency (HIBCHD) [MIM:250620]; also known as deficiency of beta-hydroxyisobutyryl CoA deacylase or methacrylic aciduria. The enzyme defect results in accumulation of methacrylyl-CoA, a highly reactive compound, which readily undergoes addition reactions with free sulfhydryl groups. Affected individuals showed delayed development of motor skills, hypotonia, initial poor feeding, and a deterioration in neurological function during first stages of life.

Sequence similarities Belongs to the enoyl-CoA hydratase/isomerase family.

Cellular localization Mitochondrion.

Images



15% SDS-PAGE showing ab124585 at approximately 42.1 kDa (3µg).

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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