Product datasheet

Anti-TNF alpha antibody ab6671

29 Abreviews  237 References  7 Images

Overview

Product name  Anti-TNF alpha antibody
Description  Rabbit polyclonal to TNF alpha
Host species  Rabbit
Tested applications  Suitable for: ELISA, IHC-P, IHC-Fr, Neutralising, WB, ICC/IF, IHC-FoFr
Species reactivity  Reacts with: Mouse, Rat, Guinea pig, Human, Pig, Fish, Cynomolgus monkey
Predicted to work with: Dog, Monkey, Non human primates
Immunogen  Recombinant full length protein corresponding to TNF alpha.
Database link: P01375

Positive control

Purchase matching WB positive control:
Recombinant Human TNF alpha protein

General notes

Endotoxin content by LAL is <10 pg/ml.
Abcam recommended secondaries - Goat Anti-Rabbit HRP (ab205718) and Goat Anti-Rabbit Alexa Fluor® 488 (ab150077).
See other anti-rabbit secondary antibodies that can be used with this antibody.

Properties

Form  Liquid
Storage instructions  Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
Storage buffer  pH: 7.20
Constituents: 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride
Purity  IgG fraction
Clonality  Polyclonal
Isotype  IgG

Applications

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab6671 in the following tested applications.
Function

Cytokine that binds to TNFRSF1A/TNFR1 and TNFRSF1B/TNFBR. It is mainly secreted by macrophages and can induce cell death of certain tumor cell lines. It is potent pyrogen causing fever by direct action or by stimulation of interleukin-1 secretion and is implicated in the induction of cachexia. Under certain conditions it can stimulate cell proliferation and induce cell differentiation.

Involvement in disease

Genetic variations in TNF are a cause of susceptibility psoriatic arthritis (PSORAS) [MIM:607507]. PSORAS is an inflammatory, seronegative arthritis associated with psoriasis. It is a heterogeneous disorder ranging from a mild, non-destructive disease to a severe, progressive, erosive arthropathy. Five types of psoriatic arthritis have been defined: asymmetrical oligoarthritis characterized by primary involvement of the small joints of the fingers or toes; asymmetrical arthritis which involves the joints of the extremities; symmetrical polyarthritis characterized by a rheumatoidlike pattern that can involve hands, wrists, ankles, and feet; arthritis mutilans, which is a rare but deforming and destructive condition; arthritis of the sacroiliac joints and spine (psoriatic spondylitis).

Sequence similarities

Belongs to the tumor necrosis factor family.

Post-translational modifications

The soluble form derives from the membrane form by proteolytic processing. The membrane form, but not the soluble form, is phosphorylated on serine residues. Dephosphorylation of the membrane form occurs by binding to soluble TNFRSF1A/TNFR1. O-glycosylated; glycans contain galactose, N-acetylgalactosamine and N-acetylneuraminic acid.

Cellular localization

Secreted and Cell membrane.
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-TNF alpha antibody (ab6671)

Image is courtesy of an anonymous Abreview

ab6671 staining TNF alpha in Human testis & colon CA tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 3% H2O2 for 10 minutes at 25°C; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation using EDTA, pH9, 100C, 20 min. Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/75) for 20 minutes at 25°C. An undiluted HRP polymer-conjugated Goat anti-mouse anti-rabbit polyclonal was used as the secondary antibody.

Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-TNF alpha antibody (ab6671)

Image courtesy of Matthew Williams

ab6671 staining TNF alpha in Guinea pig Lung and heart cells by ICC/IF (Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence). Cells were fixed with formalin and blocked with 1% BSA for 1 hour at 25°C. Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/100 in 1% BSA in PBST) for 18 hours at 4°C. An Alexa Fluor® 555-conjugated Donkey anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) polyclonal (1/800) was used as the secondary antibody.

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-TNF alpha antibody (ab6671)

This image is courtesy of an Abreview submitted by Jing Ma

ab6671 staining TNF alpha in Cynomolgus Monkey dendritic cells/macrophages from inlamed skin tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 10% serum for 20 minutes at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation in citrate buffer, pH6.0. Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/100) for 30 minutes at room temperature. A Biotin-conjugated Goat anti-rabbit IgG polyclonal (1/2000) was used as the secondary antibody.
Western blot - Anti-TNF alpha antibody (ab6671) at 1/1000 dilution + Recombinant TNF-alpha protein

**Secondary**
Goat Anti-Rabbit Dylight® 649 Conjugate at 1/20000 dilution

**Additional bands at:** 16 kDa (possible cleavage fragment)

Western Blot analysis, labelling TNF-alpha with ab6671 at 1/1000. Blocking was with 1% BSA in TBS-T incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature. The Cleavage Fragment is related to the soluble isoform 77 - 223.

ab6671 staining human artery tissue sections by IHC-P. Sections were fixed in formaldehyde and subjected to heat mediated antigen retrieval in citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to blocking with 1.5% serum for 10 minutes. The primary antibody was diluted 1/100 and incubated with the sample for 24 hours at 4°C. An HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit antibody was used as the secondary.
ab6671 staining TNF alpha from human colon by immunohistochemistry (formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections). Cells were formaldehyde fixed prior to blocking in 10% serum for 2 hours at 21°C. The primary antibody was diluted 1/100 and incubated with the sample for 2 hours at 21°C. Alexa fluor® 680 goat polyclonal, diluted 1/5000, was used as the secondary.

Immunohistochemical analysis of formalin-fixed, paraffin embedded fish tissue, staining TNF alpha with ab6671.

Tissue was fixed with Bouin's fixative; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation in a citrate buffer (pH 6). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/600 in diluent) for 2 hours. An HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit polyclonal IgG was used as the secondary antibody.

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